Statement of Accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2012

Contents	Page
Explanatory Foreword	1 - 2
Statement of Accounting Policies	3 - 7
Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts	8
Statement of Internal Control	9 - 10
Independent Auditor's Report	11 - 12
Income and Expenditure Account	13
Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance	14
Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account	15
Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance	16
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	16
Balance Sheet	17 - 18
Cash Flow Statement	19
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement	20 - 21
General Rate Fund	22
Notes to the financial statements	23 - 33
These pages do not form part of the audited financial statements	
Detailed Income and Expenditure Account	34 - 38

Explanatory Foreword

Introduction

This Statement provides a summary of the Authority's financial performance for the year ended 31 March 2012. It has been prepared in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006.

The individual accounts within the Statement are as follows:

The **Income and Expenditure Account** reports the net cost for the year of all functions for which the Authority is responsible and how those costs are financed from income from local ratepayers.

The **Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance** shows the surplus or deficit on the Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the General Fund in determining the movement on the General Fund Balance for the year.

The Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account is an account which independently records the costs of maintaining and managing the Authority's own housing stock and how these costs are met by rent payers, and other income.

The Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance shows the surplus or deficit on the Housing Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the Housing Account in determining the movement on the Housing Account for the year.

The **Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses** shows all gains and losses recognised by the Authority during the year which are not reflected in operating performance within the Income and Expenditure Account.

The Balance Sheet sets out the financial position of the Authority at the end of the year.

The **Cash Flow Statement** summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from the Authority's transactions with third parties during the year.

The General Rate Fund shows the transactions of the Authority as a charging authority in respect of rates income.

This section provides a summary review of performance during the year and of key areas which impact the Authority's financial position.

Income and Expenditure Account

The Income and Expenditure Account covers the day to day running costs of the Authority's services, with the exception of Authority housing which is contained within the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account.

Net expenditure is met from the following sources:

- Income from the General Rate Fund
- Income from social housing
- Miscellaneous income

Explanatory Foreword (continued)

The income and expenditure account for the year shows a surplus of £598,404 (2011: £1,215,224) however once the other movements on the general fund have been taken into account, as detailed below, the results show an overall surplus of £54,385 (2011: £195,103).

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

This relates to amounts which are included in the income and expenditure account but do not relate to the general fund, and items excluded from the income and expenditure account which relates to the general fund.

Primarily the movements relate to the depreciation cost in the year, impairment of fixed assets, income and expenditure on other funds, movement on the pension liability, gains or losses on sale of fixed assets and the inclusion of capital repayments on loans and finance leases which are met by the general fund.

Housing Revenue Account

The Housing Revenue Account shows the income and expenditure on Authority housing. For the year ended 31 March 2012, the deficiency requirement amounted to £1,404,558, (2011: £1,093,300).

Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in the year was £3,501,059 (2011: £6,320,446).

General Rate Fund

The general rate income due and collected by the Authority is shown in the General Rate Fund. Rates were levied at 332p (2011:332p) in the £ on an average rateable value of £669,835 (2011: £668,373) during the year.

Pensions Liability

The SORP requires the Authority to disclose certain information within its Financial Statements. Included within that information, and included in note 27, is the net liability on the Isle of Man Local Government Pension Scheme that is attributable to Ramsey Town Commissioners.

This is the difference between future liabilities and assets, as valued at 31 March 2012 and amounts to £1,700,000 (2011: £1,616,000).

Investments and Borrowing

The Authority borrowed £2,600,000 (2011: £8,500,000) during the year to finance capital expenditure.

Reserves

The Authority has increased its general fund reserves from £1,185,070 in 2011 to £1,239,455 at March 2012.

These resources are retained to cover planned and potential expenditure, including support of the capital programme, debt repayment and as a buffer against anticipated financial risks.

Statement of Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings, and in accordance with United Kingdom generally accepted accounting principles.

The accounts have been drawn up in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP") issued by Treasury, except as disclosed below. This SORP is recognised under the Audit Act 2006 and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 as representing proper accounting practices. Key principles are set out below.

Tangible fixed assets

Recognition

Expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of fixed assets has been capitalised on an accruals basis. Capital expenditure incurred on fixed assets that does not materially add to the value of those assets is written off. Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and included in the balance sheet except for leases that are in secondary rental periods, where there are no future obligations of material significance.

Assets obtained under operating leases are not included in the Balance Sheet; annual rentals are charged to revenue and transactions are disclosed as a note to the accounts. Operational assets are those used by the Authority in the delivery of services or in pursuit of its strategic or service objectives. Non-operational assets are those held but not directly occupied, used or consumed for those purposes. Assets under the course of construction are included at cost and consist of properties under construction.

Valuations

The SORP requires the dwellings and other land and buildings to be held at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use. These assets are held at historical cost and not depreciated which is contrary to the accounting treatment required by the SORP.

Operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use. In the case of vehicles, office furniture and plant and equipment, historical costs have been used as a proxy for these values; as inflation is low, prices will not vary significantly over the estimated life of the assets while the Authority depreciates them on a prudent basis using conservative estimates of working lives. As a consequence, the use of historical costs rather than values for these items will not result in a material difference in the Accounts.

Assets classified as 'assets under construction', are initially measured at cost in accordance with the SORP, and consist of costs which are directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use. Subsequently, when the asset has been completed, the SORP requires that the cost is transferred to the appropriate asset category at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realizable value in existing use, with depreciation calculated and applied on this amount. In the prior year, the asset had been completed and brought into commission by 31 March 2011 but had not been transferred to the appropriate asset category and had not been valued and depreciated in accordance with the SORP.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Valuations (continued)

Investment properties are held at historical cost. The SORP requires that investment properties should be held at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value. Therefore the investment properties have not been valued in accordance with the SORP.

Infrastructure assets and community assets are included in the Balance Sheet at historical cost (net of depreciation where appropriate); if this could not be ascertained, a nominal value has been used. There is no material effect on the Accounts.

Non-operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life, other than the buildings element of the dwellings and the other land and buildings, which is contrary to the accounting treatment required by the SORP. Where depreciation is provided for, assets are being depreciated by applying the straight line method to Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting their estimated useful lives. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the lease period if this is shorter than their estimated useful life.

Impairment

The value at which each category of assets is included in the Balance Sheet is reviewed at the end of each year: where values have changed materially in the period, the valuations are adjusted to reflect the change. Where a major change in asset values is due to a consumption of economic benefits (such as physical damage), the impairment loss is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account. Other impairments are recognised in the Revaluation Reserve.

Disposals

Income from the disposal of fixed assets is accounted for on an accruals basis. Capital receipts are held in the Usable Capital Receipts Reserve until such time as they are used to finance other capital expenditure, when they are credited to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Deferred Liabilities

Leases are recorded as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the leased asset transfer to the Authority. Rentals payable are apportioned between the cost of acquisition of the interest in the asset and finance cost which is charged to revenue. The liability is recognised in the balance sheet at the start of the lease and written down as rentals become payable. Further details of the treatment of leased assets are given in relevant sections of this statement.

Housing Deficiency

Housing deficiency is accounted for on an accruals basis and represents an amount due in respect of the shortfall in housing income over housing receipts in the year in accordance with the housing deficiency scheme operated by the Department of Social Care.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Accruals of income and expenditure

The capital and revenue accounts of the Authority are maintained on an accruals basis: activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Fees, charges and rents due from tenants are accounted for as income at the date the Authority provides the relevant goods or services.
- Employee costs are charged as expenditure when they are due rather than paid, including any arrears of pay or pay awards.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption; they are carried as stocks on the balance sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as works in progress on the balance sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as work in progress on the balance sheet.
- Interest payable and receivable on borrowings is accounted for in the year to which it relates, on a basis that reflects the overall effect of the loan or investment.
- Where income and expenditure has been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the balance sheet. Where it is doubtful that debts will be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the income that might not be collected.
- Income and expenditure are credited and debited to the relevant account, unless they properly represent capital receipts or capital expenditure. These accruals are largely based on known commitments and can be assessed accurately. Where estimates are made, they are based on historical records, precedence and officers' knowledge and experience. In all cases the Authority adopts a prudent approach to avoid overstating its resources.

Value Added Tax

Value Added Tax is included in income and expenditure accounts, whether of a capital or revenue nature, only to the extent that it is irrecoverable.

Overheads

The costs of service management and support services have been fully charged or allocated to service and trading accounts either in relation to the time spent on each revenue service or capital scheme or in proportion to transactions processed for those accounts.

Pension costs

Pension arrangements for Authority employees are handled by the Local Government Pension Scheme, which is a funded, defined benefit scheme. The Accounting Policies of the Scheme are those recommended by the SORP and its annual reports are prepared in accordance with the Pensions SORP.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Pension costs (continued)

The pension cost has been assessed by the Fund's actuary based on triennial valuations, the 2011/12 contributions being based on the results of the review as at 31 March 2010. These contributions are charged to the Accounts in accordance with statutory requirements. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligations and any related funding are reflected at fair value. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to employees are recognised in the accounting period(s) in which the benefits are earned by the employees, and the related finance costs and any other changes in value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the accounting periods in which they arise; and the financial statements contain adequate disclosure of the cost of providing retirement benefits and the related gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

Reserves

Reserves include earmarked reserves set aside for specific policy purposes and balances which represent resources set aside for purposes such as general contingencies and cash flow management. The Authority maintains the following significant reserves:

- **General fund:** set up to act as a buffer against the potential risks of increased expenditure to be charged to future years' Accounts and to assist in organisational development.
- Usable capital receipts reserve: these are amounts of capital receipts received to be used to finance future capital expenditure.
- Housing revenue account: surplus monies received from housing revenue account.
- Housing repair account: representing the unspent allowance for repairs on the Commissioner's housing stock.
- Capital account: funds provided from the revenue and earmarked for capital expenditure purposes.

The following account has been set up as an earmarked reserve:

• **Heating reserve:** surplus funds from the supply of heating to the housing residents.

The following accounts have been established in accordance with the capital accounting provisions. They are not fully backed by cash, nor generally available to finance expenditure.

- Revaluation Reserve: representing principally the balance of the surpluses or deficits arising on the periodic revaluation of fixed assets.
- Capital adjustment account: amounts set aside from capital receipts or revenue resources to finance expenditure on fixed assets or for the repayment of external loans and certain other capital financing transactions.
- **Pension reserve:** amounts to match liability in respect of the Commissioners' share of the Isle of Man Local Authority Pension Scheme.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions

The Authority maintains provisions for bad and doubtful debts, which are held against its arrears of major income sources.

Events after the balance sheet date

Post balance sheet events, whether favourable or unfavourable, that affect the conditions existing at the balance sheet date are adjusted in the Accounts and disclosures. For events occurring after the balance sheet date relating to conditions that arose after that date, adjustments are not made in the Accounts but details are disclosed in a note to the balance sheet. These principles apply up to the date when the Accounts are authorised for issue.

Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts

The Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs through the appointment of a Responsible Financial Officer;
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets; and
- approve the Statement of Accounts.

The Responsible Financial Officer's responsibilities

The Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer should:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent; and
- comply with the SORP.

The Responsible Financial Officer should also:

- keep proper accounting records which were up to date; and
- take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Responsible Financial Officer should sign and date the statement of accounts, stating that it presents fairly the financial position of the body at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2012.

Statement of Internal Control

Introduction

Regulation 8 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 requires the Authority to conduct a review at least once a year of the effectiveness of its systems of internal control and include a statement on internal control within the Authority's statement of accounts.

This statement is made by Ramsey Town Commissioners to the Isle of Man Government Treasury in accordance with the requirements of the Isle of Man Government's Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct ("the Code").

Responsibilities of the Board and the Responsible Financial Officer

The Board controls strategy, policy and key financial and operational matters within the Authority. In addition, it is the Board's responsibility to ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

The Board is responsible for implementing and maintaining systems of internal control and corporate governance which:

- ensure compliance with legislation and other regulations;
- safeguard public money, ensure that it is properly accounted for and that it is used economically, efficiently and effectively; and
- support the achievement of the strategy, policies, aims and objectives approved by the Board.

In discharging this responsibility, the Board works with senior officers to put in place arrangements for the governance of the Authority's affairs and the stewardship of resources, in accordance with the Code.

Internal control and corporate governance environment

The Authority's systems of internal control and corporate governance have been developed through an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The following are considered to be key aspects of the internal control and corporate governance environment:

Board meetings

The Board meets monthly and consists of a Chairman and 11 other Board members. The Board receive reports from the Authority's Officers on operational matters and ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

Review of internal control and corporate governance environment

The effectiveness of the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements is continuously assessed by the work of management and the Board.

Further evidence as to the effectiveness of internal controls and corporate governance arrangements is provide by reports issued during the year by the internal auditors.

Statement of Internal Control (continued)

Report on internal control and corporate governance environment

Attention is drawn to the fact that systems of internal control and corporate governance are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve objectives. They can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance. Accordingly, reasonable assurance is given that, except for the matters listed below, the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements are adequate and operate effectively during the year ended 31 March 2012.

The following improvements have been identified by the internal auditors to address internal control weaknesses:

• Business continuity plans

Visitors book

(Responsible Finance Officer)

(Signed) W. Walpaul (Signed) (Chairman) (Responsi

Report of the Independent Auditor to the Commissioners of Ramsey Town Commissioners

We have audited the financial statements of Ramsey Town Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the statement of accounting policies, the income and expenditure account, the statement of the movement on the general fund balance, housing revenue income and expenditure account, statement of the movement on the housing revenue account balance, statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the general rate fund and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 Accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

This report is made solely to the authority's Commissioners, as a body, in accordance with section 6 of the Audit Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the authority's Commissioners, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the authority and the authority's Commissioners, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Responsible Financial Officer and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, including the financial statements, which give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Responsible Financial Officer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Basis for qualified opinion on financial statements

As disclosed in the Statement of accounting policies, in the current and prior year, included within dwellings and other land and buildings are assets reported at historical cost, not at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use as required by section 3.97 of the SORP. In addition, as disclosed in the Statement of accounting policies, these assets are not depreciated as required by section 3.112 of the SORP. In the current and prior year investment property has also been reported at historical cost, not at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value as required by section 3.98 of the SORP.

As disclosed in the Statement of accounting policies, in the prior year, included within assets under construction are dwellings and other land and buildings of £5,224,700 which had been brought into commission prior to 31 March 2011, and should therefore have been transferred to dwellings and other land and buildings, as required by section 3.98 of the SORP. In addition, as disclosed in the Statement of accounting policies, these assets are not valued in accordance section 3.97 and subsequently depreciated as required by section 3.112 of the SORP.

Report of the Independent Auditors to Ramsey Town Commissioners (continued)

Qualified opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the basis for qualified audit opinion paragraph, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the authority's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the SORP; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 made under the Audit Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Except for the effect on the financial statements of the matters referred to in the basis for qualified opinion, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the section 4 of the Audit Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the financial statements do not comply with the regulations made under section 12 of the Act and any directions under section 13; or
- expenditure or income or any other transaction effected by or on account of the authority is or will be contrary to law; or
- the internal organisation of the authority and the controls maintained by it are not sufficient as to secure proper management of the finances of the authority and economy and efficiency in the use of its resources.

PKF (Isle of Man) LLC Douglas,

Isle of Man

Date: 21 hebrushy 2013

Income and Expenditure Account

For the year ended 31 March 2012

Statement of net expenditure	Gross Expenditure £	Gross Income £	2011/12 Net Expenditure £	2010/11 Net Expenditure £
Continuing operations: Office administration & Office expenses Miscellaneous properties Housing & Property Works & Development Parks & Leisure	873,797 47,668 280,347 799,265 554,398	51,598 16,741 242,449 369,571 87,352	822,199 30,927 37,898 429,694 467,046	792,032 8,102 7,740 428,746 593,004
Housing Income & Expenditure Account Past service gain Current service cost adjustment re: pensions	1,004,563	3,532,228	(2,527,665)	(2,021,252) (687,000)
Net cost of services	3,560,038	4,313,939	(753,901)	(878,628)
Insurance and compensation proceeds Impairment of fixed assets Interest payable and similar charges Interest and investment income Pensions interest cost & return on pension assets			(1,158,587) 1,457,446 1,954,759 (10,373) 36,000	1,644,649 (1,349) 77,000
Net operating expenditure			1,525,344	841,672
Sources of finance				
Income from the General Rate Fund			2,123,748	2,056,896
Net surplus for the year			598,404	1,215,224

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year ended 31 March 2012

	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Surplus for the year on the income and expenditure account	598,404	1,215,224
Amounts included in the Income and Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Insurance and compensation proceeds Depreciation & impairment of fixed assets Net charges made for retirement benefits	(1,158,587) 1,481,526 22,000	301,607 (617,000)
Amounts not included in the Income and Expenditure Account but required to be included by statute when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Loans funds principal repayments Finance lease capital repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund	(101,260) (29,096) (132,466)	(103,188) (29,096) (14,992)
Transfers to or from the General Fund Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Transfer to heating reserve Transfer from housing revenue account Transfer to housing reserve Transfer from Usable capital receipts reserve	10,068 (636,134) (39) (31)	10,173 (567,822) 228 (31)
	54,385	195,103
General Fund Balance brought forward	1,185,070	989,967
General Fund Balance carried forward	1,239,455	1,185,070

Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account

for the year ended 31 March 2012

	2011/12 £	2011/12 £	2010/11 £	2010/11 £
Income Dwelling rents Contributions towards expenditure	1,770,958		1,534,797	
including Housing Deficiency Payments Any other income	1,404,558 356,712		1,093,300 316,044	
Total income		3,532,228	ngarinaran, ngarapi ngarah naharangan kanagar	2,944,141
Expenditure	469.266		402.044	
Repairs and maintenance	468,366		482,844	
Supervision & management Rent, rates, taxes and other charges	135,591 346,497		118,263 320,821	
Depreciation	3,817		961	
Additional allowances re 2009, 2010, 2011	50,292		-	
		(1,004,563)		(922,889)
Net cost of HRA services as included in the whole authority income and expenditure account		2,527,665		2,021,252
•				
Insurance and compensation proceeds		1,158,587		-
Impairment of fixed assets		(1,303,079)		(1.452.420)
Interest payable and similar charges Interest income		(1,754,618) 7,579		(1,453,430)
Surplus for the year on HRA services		636,134		567,822
*		=======================================		

Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year ended 31 March 2012

for the year ended 31 March 2012	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Surplus/Deficit for the year on the HRA income and expenditure account	636,134	567,822
Amounts included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure account but to be excluded when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance		
Insurance and compensation proceeds Depreciation & impairment of fixed assets	(1,158,587) 1,306,896	- 961
Amounts not included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account but to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year		
Loan funds principal repayments	(710,444)	(531,319)
Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year		
Transfers to housing maintenance account	(73,399)	(37,464)
	-	-
Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>
Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward	-	-
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2012		
	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year	598,404	1,215,224
Housing revenue prior year amendment Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial gains & losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Loss on curtailment	50,292 36,030 (28,000) (34,000)	- 719,000 -
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	622,726	1,934,224

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2012 £	2011 £	2011 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	1				
Operational assets	7	50 550 110		45 440 824	
Dwellings	1	58,752,119		45,442,824	
Other land & buildings	1	5,129,226		5,129,226	
Vehicles, plant, furniture & Equipment Infrastructure assets	1 1	420,355 56,552		450,438 29,737	
Community assets	1	138,367		158,767	
Community assets	1		64,496,619		51,210,992
Non-operational assets			01,150,015		01,210,22
Assets under construction	1	1,052,248		12,454,090	
Investment properties	1	1,197,166		1,197,166	
			2,249,414		13,651,256
Intangible assets			18,843		**
Long term debtor	9		14,195		14,895
			66,779,071		64,877,143
Current assets					
Debtors	9	1,089,246		779,579	
Cash at bank	13	1,559,460		1,145,456	
		2,648,706		1,925,035	
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowing	15	1,063,985		888,036	
Finance lease liability	16	29,096		29,096	
Creditors	10	544,286		1,015,513	
Bank overdraft		2,746,352		1,989,151	
		4,383,719		3,921,796	
Net current liabilities			(1,735,013)		(1,996,761)
Total assets less current liabilities			65,044,058		62,880,382
Long-term liabilities					
Long-term borrowing	15	35,600,455		34,114,409	
Pension liability	27	1,700,000		1,616,000	
Finance lease liability	16	58,192		87,288	
		***************************************	37,358,647		35,817,697
Total assets less liabilities			27,685,411		27,062,685

Balance Sheet (continued)

As at 31 March 2012

		2012	2011
Financed by:		£	£
Revaluation reserve	12	18,390,479	18,390,479
Capital adjustment account	12	9,570,392	8,982,056
Usable capital receipts reserve	12	30,977	30,946
Pension reserve	12	(1,700,000)	(1,616,000)
Earmarked reserve	12	43,468	53,534
General fund	12	1,239,455	1,185,070
Housing repairs account	12	110,640	36,600
		27,685,411	27,062,685

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Authority on \(\(\bar{\psi} \) \(\bar{\psi} \) \(\bar{\psi} \) and were signed on their behalf by:

Chairman

RFO

The notes on pages 23 to 33 form part of these financial statements

N. H. Malpars

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2012 Revenue activities		2011/12		2010/11
Te venue de divides	£	£	£	£
Cash outflows				
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	1,577,148		(1,539,703)	
Other operating cash payments	1,894,770	(= 1=1 0.10)	(1,546,900)	(2.004.402)
		(3,471,918)		(3,086,603)
Cash inflows	1 046 202		1 525 017	
Rents (after rebates) Rate receipts	1,846,293 2,077,549		1,535,817 2,053,624	
Revenue support grant	1,083,722		718,333	
Cash received for goods and services	1,053,351		967,886	
5000 1000 100 go cas satu set 1000		6,060,915		5,275,660
Net cash inflow from revenue activities		2,588,997		2,189,057
Returns on Investments and servicing				
of finance				
Cash outflows	(1.05(.221)		(1 (4(224)	
Interest paid Cash inflows	(1,956,331)		(1,646,324)	
Interest received	10,373		1,349	
intologi loogivaa				
Net servicing of finance		(1,945,958)		(1,644,975)
Capital activities				
Cash outflows				
Purchase of fixed assets		(3,777,723)		(6,411,834)
N. 4		(2.124.694)		(5.967.752)
Net cash outflow before financing		(3,134,684)		(5,867,752)
Management of liquid resources				
Net (decrease)/increase in short term	(939,700)		140,835	
deposits		(939,700)	***************************************	140,835
·				
Financing				
Cash outflows Repayments of amounts borrowed	(811,704)		(634,507)	
Capital element of finance lease rental	(29,096)		(29,096)	
Repayment of bonds	(126,300)		(135,000)	
repayment of bonds		(967,100)	(155,000)	(798,603)
Cash inflows		` , ,		, ,
New loans raised	2,600,000		8,500,000	
Capital element of finance lease	-		145,541	
Insurance claim	1,158,587	A ##0 #0#	-	0.645.541
	 	3,758,587		8,645,541
		2,791,487		7,846,938
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash		(1,282,897)		2,120,021
ret (decrease)/ merease iii casii		(1,404,07/)		2,120,021

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2012

Net surplus £ 598,40 storage £ 1,215,224 Depreciation 159,828 storage 302,567 Amortisation 12,562 storage 302,567 Insurance proceeds (1,188,587) storage 302,567 Housing revenue adjustment re prior years 50,292 storage 302,507 Other recognised gains 929 storage 302,507 Impairment of assets 1,457,446 storage (617,000) Appropriations to pension reserve 22,000 storage (617,000) Interest paid 1,956,331 storage (463,652) (Increase)/decrease in debtors (308,967) storage (463,652) (Doccrease)/decrease in debtors (190,368) storage 2,189,057 Net cash inflow/outflow from revenue activities 2,588,997 storage 2,189,057 Net debt at 1 April 2011/12 storage 2,189,057 Net debt at 1 April (1,282,897) storage 2,120,021 Increase //decrease) in cash in the period (1,661,995) storage (1,073,054) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources 939,700 storage (110,384) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in servere	1. Reconciliation of net deficit to net cash inflow from r	evenue activitio 2011/12	es	2010/11
Net surplus				
Amortisation 12,562	Net surplus			
Amortisation 12,562	Depreciation	159.828		302.567
Housing revenue adjustment re prior years 50,292 50,000 50				302,307
Housing revenue adjustment re prior years 50,292 Cother recognised gains 929 Cother gas 1,457,446 Cother gas 1,956,331 1,644,649 Interest received 10,373 Cother gas 1,644,649 Interest received 103,573 Cother gas 108,618 Cother gas				_
Other recognised gains 929 Impairment of assets 1,457,446 Impairment of assets 1,457,446 Impairment of assets 1,457,446 Impairment of assets 1,644,649 Impairment of assets 2,149,057 2,134,905 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,189,057 2,121,001 1,182,189 2,121,002 2,121,002 2,1				_
Impairment of assets		•		-
Appropriations to pension reserve Interest paid 22,000 (1,956,331 1,644,649 1,956,331 1,644,649 1,956,331 1,644,649 1,956,331 1,644,649 1,020 1,333 1,644,649 1,020 1,333 1,644,649 1,020 1,020 1,200,652 1,200,652 1,200,				_
Interest paid 1,956,331 1,644,649 Interest received (10,373) (1,349) (1,349) (1,0476,050) (1,04	-			(617,000)
Interest received		·		, , ,
(Increase)/decrease in debtors (308,967) (403,652) (Decrease)/increase in creditors (190,868) 108,618 Net cash inflow/outflow from revenue activities 2,588,997 2,189,057 2. Reconciliation of the movement in net debt 2011/12 2011/12 2010/11 Net debt at 1 April (35,962,524) (30,094,772) Movement in net debt: 2 (1,282,897) 2,120,021 (Outflow) from increase /(decrease) in dash in the period (1,661,995) (7,730,554) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources 939,700 (140,835) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 29,096 (116,384) Net debt at 31 March 37,938,620 (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 Cash movement 6 2. Lash in hand 785,406 (525,696) 259,710 Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: 2 (1,690,946) (35,805,355) <t< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	·			
Decrease Increase in creditors Increase Increas				
2. Reconciliation of the movement in net debt 2011/12 2011/12 2011/12 2011/12 2011/12 2010/11 Net debt at 1 April (35,962,524) (30,094,772) Movement in net debt: 1,20,021 (Outflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (1,661,995) (7,730,554) (7,730,554) (140,835) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources 939,700 (140,835) (116,384) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March Cash 2011 movement 2012 £ £ Balance at 31 March Cash 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ Balance at 31 March Cash 2011 (2012 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Net debt at 1 April 2011/12 2011/12 2011/12 2010/11 Net debt at 1 April (35,962,524) (30,094,772) Movement in net debt: (1,282,897) 2,120,021 (Outflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (1661,995) (7,730,554) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (29,096) 939,700 (140,835) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 29,096 (1,976,096) (5,867,752) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 movement 2012 Cash in hand 785,406 (525,696) 259,710 Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) 35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)	Net cash inflow/outflow from revenue activities	2,588,997		2,189,057
Net debt at 1 April 2011/12 2011/12 2011/12 2010/11 Net debt at 1 April (35,962,524) (30,094,772) Movement in net debt: (1,282,897) 2,120,021 (Outflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (1661,995) (7,730,554) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (29,096) 939,700 (140,835) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 29,096 (1,976,096) (5,867,752) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 movement 2012 Cash in hand 785,406 (525,696) 259,710 Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) 35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)		***************************************		
Net debt at 1 April £ (35,962,524) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (30,094,772) £ (37,30,554) £ (37,30,554) £ (14,983) £ (14,983) £ (14,983) £ (14,983) £ (116,384)	2. Reconciliation of the movement in net debt	2011/12	2011/12	2010/11
Net debt at 1 April Movement in net debt: Increase / (decrease) in cash in the period (1,282,897) (2,20,021 (0,001) (0,001				
Movement in net debt: Increase /(decrease) in cash in the period (1,282,897) (2,120,021 (Outflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (1,661,995) (7,730,554) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources 939,700 (140,835) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 29,096 (116,384) Net debt at 31 March (1,976,096) (5,867,752) Net debt at 31 March (237,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March (2011 movement 2012 f.	No. defer of 1 April	£		
Increase /(decrease) in cash in the period (0utflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (1,661,995) (7,730,554) (7,730,554) (0utflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (140,835) (0utflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases (140,976,096) (140,835) (116,384) (163,84) (163			(35,962,524)	(30,094,772)
(Outflow) from increase/(decrease) in debt financing (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 939,700 (140,835) (116,384) (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases (1,976,096) (5,867,752) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March Cash 31 March 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		(1.303.00%)		2 120 021
(Outflow)/inflow from movement in liquid resources (Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 939,700 (140,835) (116,384) (140,835) (116,384) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March Cash 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ £ Balance at 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '			
(Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases 29,096 (116,384) (1,976,096) (5,867,752) Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 movement 2012 for five second control of fiv				
Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524)		·		
Net debt at 31 March (37,938,620) (35,962,524) 3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 Balance at 31 March movement 2012 £ 2 2,746,352) 1 2,746,352) 2 2,997,750 Net debt: 2 2,997,750	(Outflow)/inflow from movement in finance leases	29,096		(116,384)
3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ Cash in hand Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) (1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: Due within one year (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)			(1,976,096)	(5,867,752)
3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid resources Balance at 31 March 2011 movement 2012 £ £ £ Cash in hand Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) (1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: Due within one year (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)	Net debt at 31 March		(37,938,620)	(35,962,524)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			=====	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3. Reconciliation of financing and management of liquid	l resources		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,			Balance at
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		31 March	Cash	
Cash in hand Overdraft 785,406 (525,696) (259,710 (2,746,352) Coverdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) (1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due within one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)			movement	2012
Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) (1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: 0 0 28,951 (859,085) Due within one year 0		£	£	£
Overdraft (1,989,151) (757,201) (2,746,352) (1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: 0 0 28,951 (859,085) Due within one year 0	Cash in hand	785,406	(525,696)	259,710
(1,203,745) (1,282,897) (2,486,642) Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt:	Overdraft	(1,989,151)		
Short term investments 360,050 939,700 1,299,750 Net debt: Due within one year (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)				
Net debt: (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due within one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)		(1,203,745)	(1,282,897)	(2,486,642)
Due within one year (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)	Short term investments	360,050	939,700	1,299,750
Due within one year (888,036) 28,951 (859,085) Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)	21.11.			
Due after one year (34,114,409) (1,690,946) (35,805,355) Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)		(000 000	*0	
Finance lease (116,384) 29,096 (87,288)				
Total net debt (35,962,524) (1,976,096) (37,938,620)	Finance lease	(116,384)	29,096	(87,288)
	Total net debt	(35,962,524)	(1,976,096)	(37,938,620)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2012

4. Government Grants

The revenue support grants detailed above relate to Housing Deficiency received from the Department of Social Care.

5. Liquid resources

Within liquid resources the Authority includes any increase or decrease in cash held on deposit held with the Isle of Man bank.

General Rate Fund

as at 31 March 2012

	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
Total rates levied for the year		2,223,853		2,218,998
Add: Due from Treasury re prior year Arrears brought forward	12,748 138,913		41,702 127,703	
Less: Discounts Exempt and unoccupied properties Refunds Collection charge Write off	(76,068) (22,329) (1,707) (21,296) (6,299)	151,661	(74,922) (43,342) (3,303) (21,015) (40,507)	169,405
Total rates collectable		2,247,815		(183,089) 2,205,314
Rates received in the year:				
Current year rates Arrears collected Balance from Treasury re previous year	1,993,041 71,760 12,748		1,988,157 23,794 41,702	
Total rates received in the year		2,077,549		2,053,653
Balances outstanding carried forward:				
Due from Treasury re current year Arrears - current year - previous years	51,408 58,004 60,854		12,748 75,539 63,374	
		170,266		151,661
		2,247,815		2,205,314

Notes to the financial statements

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

1. Tangible fixed assets

	Dwellings	Other Land and Buildings £	Motor Vehicles Plant and Equipment £	Infra- structure assets £	Community Assets	Total £
Cost/Value			~	-	~	
At 31 March 2011	45,442,824	5,129,226	1,931,506	332,353	278,712	53,114,621
Additions in the year	14,612,374	154,367	98,826	37,334	-	14,902,901
Impairment	(1,303,079)	(154,367)	-	-	-	(1,457,446)
Revaluations	-	_			-	
At 31 March 2012	58,752,119	5,129,226	2,030,332	369,687	278,712	66,560,076
Depreciation						
At 31 March 2011	-	-	1,481,068	302,616	119,945	1,903,629
Charge for the year	-	-	128,909	10,519	20,400	159,828
Disposals in the year	-		<u></u>	-	-	
At 31 March 2012	-	-	1,609,977	313,135	140,345	2,063,457
	***************************************				**************************************	
Net book value						
At 31 March 2012	58,752,119	5,129,226	420,355	56,552	138,367	64,496,619
At 31 March 2011	45,442,824	5,129,226	450,438	29,737	158,767	51,210,992

Included within Vehicles, plant and equipment above, is a vehicle which is held on finance lease. The cost of this asset is £145,480, to which £20,783 of depreciation has been attributed.

Compensation

During the year, £1,158,587 of monies were received in compensation in terms of defective capital scheme works carried out in earlier years. As such, an impairment provision has been made against these earlier year costs in the Housing Revenue Account this year.

Cost/valuation

	Assets under Construction £	Investment Properties £	Total £
At 31 March 2011	12,454,090	1,197,166	13,651,256
Additions in the year	3,364,899	-	3,364,899
Transfers	(14,766,741)	-	(14,766,741)
At 31 March 2012	1,052,248	1,197,166	2,249,414
			

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

2. Depreciation methodologies

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life, other than all classes of land and buildings which is contrary to the SORP. Depreciation is calculated, using the straight line method, on Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles, Plant & Equipment Infrastructure Assets Community Assets			Years 7 7 7
3. Assets held			
	Number at	Changes	Number at
Operational assets	31 March 2011	2011/12	31 March 2012
Dwellings	531	27	558
Other Land and Buildings			
Car parks	4	-	4
Depots	2	-	2
Public Conveniences	3	1	4
Public Offices	1	-	1
Recreational properties	3	-	3
Miscellaneous properties	4	-	4
Vehicles, Plant and Equipment			
Vehicles	25	1	26
Community Assets			
Parks and open spaces	2	-	2
Non-Operational assets			
Commercial properties	4	-	4

4. Housing fixed assets

The dwellings consist of the Authority's housing stock.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

5. Housing stock

The housing stock of dwellings at 31 March was made up as follows:

	2011/12	2010/11
Houses & bungalows Flats & maisonettes	£ 379 179	£ 356 175
	558	531
Changes in the housing stock are detailed below:		
	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Stock at 1 April 2011 Additions Impairments Revaluations	45,442,824 14,612,374 (1,303,079)	44,760,026 682,798
Stock at 31 March 2012	58,752,119	45,442,824
6. Intangible Fixed Assets		
These represent software items which are amortised over 3 years		
Cost	31 March 2012 £	31 March 2011 £
At 1 April 2011 Additions in the year Amortisation	31,405 (12,562)	- - -
Net book value as at 31 March 2012	18,843	-
7. Capital expenditure and financing		
	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Capital investment Operational assets Non-operational assets	132,465 3,364,899	682,798 5,637,648
	3,497,364	6,320,446

This capital expenditure has been financed by bank borrowings.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

8. Capital commitments

The estimated commitments for capital expenditure that had started, or legal contracts entered into, by 31 March 2012 are listed below:

Housing	31 March 2012 £ 644,358	31 March 2011 £ 2,991,095
9. Debtors	2012	2011
Amounts falling due in one year (net of bad debt provisions):	£	£
Government departments	645,152	508,702
Other local authorities	59,380	45,386
Ratepayers	38,752	68,807
Housing rents	16,070	11,036
Sundry debtors	116,110	71,344
Value Added Tax	213,782	74,304
	1,089,246	779,579

Debtors balances are shown net of provisions for bad or doubtful debts. Details of these provisions are given at note 11.

Long term debtors of £14,195 (2011: £14,985) relates to amounts due after one year relating to property repairs carried out on behalf of a tenant, to be repaid to the Authority.

10. Creditors

To: Creditors	2012 £	2011 £
Central Government	30,379	239,515
Housing rents	11,642	10,655
Capital projects: amounts outstanding	150,276	389,011
Sundry creditors	102,474	104,394
Retentions	249,515	271,938
	544,286	1,015,513
11. Provisions		
	2012	2011
	${f t}$	£
Rate debtors	80,107	70,107
Sundry debtors	2,254	4,768
	82,361	74,875

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

12. Capital reserves and accounts

	Revaluation	Capital adjustment	Usable capital
	reserve	account	receipts
	${\mathfrak L}$	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2011	18,390,479	8,982,056	30,946
Net surplus for year	-	588,336	-
Appropriations (to)/from revenue	<u> </u>		31
Balance at 31 March 2012	18,390,479	9,570,392	30,977
			

Revenue reserves

	Pensions reserve £	General Fund £	Heating Reserve £	Housing repairs account
Balance at 1 April 2011 Net surplus for year	(1,616,000)	1,185,070 54,385	53,534 36	36,600 39
Appropriations (to)/from revenue Actuarial losses from pensions	(56,000) (28,000)	´ -		-
Transfers (to)/from other reserves	<u>-</u>	-	(10,102)	74,001
Balance at 31 March 2012	(1,700,000)	1,239,455	43,468	110,640

13. Cash at bank

The cash figure at 31 March 2012 was £1,559,460 (2011: £1,145,456). An analysis of the cash movements and the movement in net debt is provided in the cash flow statement and its notes on pages 19 to 21.

14. Analysis of net assets employed

	2012	2011
	£	£
General fund	581,677	726,728
Housing revenue account	27,103,734	26,335,957
	Width - In the control of the contro	***************************************
	27,685,411	27,062,685
	and the second s	***************************************

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

15. Borrowings

Loans outstanding are the amounts borrowed from external lenders at the balance sheet date. They may be analysed as follows:

•	2012	2011
Analysis of loans by type:	£	£
Commercial loans	36,419,690	34,631,395
Local authority bonds	244,750	371,050
Total	36,664,440	35,002,445
Analysis of bonds and loans by maturity:		
Less than 1 year	1,063,985	888,036
Between 1 and 2 years	920,844	997,739
Between 2 and 5 years	2,982,772	2,677,289
Between 5 and 10 years	6,042,621	5,406,475
More than 10 years	25,654,218	25,032,906
Total outstanding	36,664,440	35,002,445

Loan security

The Authority has acquired financing through a number of fixed term loans from the Isle of Man Bank to fund long-term capital projects which is secured by a Letter of Comfort provided by Treasury. The fixed term loans are repayable quarterly, over periods between 10 and 30 years and interest is charged at fixed rates of between 4.83% and 6.11% per annum.

16. Finance Lease

The Authority holds the following value of assets under finance leases, accounted for as part of tangible fixed assets as below:

	Venicles, plant
	and equipment
	£
Value at 1 April 2011	124,697
Additions	-
Depreciation	(20,783)
Value at 31 March 2012	
	103,914
	many recovery of the Asia Asia Asia Asia Asia

Outstanding obligations to make payments under these finance leases (excluding finance costs) as at 31 March 2012, account for as deferred liabilities, are as follows:

	Vehicles, plant
	and equipment
Obligations payable in 2012/13	29,096
Obligations payable between 2013/14 and 2015/16	58,192
Total obligations payable	87,288

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

17. Members' allowances

During 2011/12 the Authority paid £3,767 (2010/11:£3,403) to its Members in respect of their attendance at meetings, undertaking duties and responsibilities.

18. Employees' remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, was £50,000 or more in bands of £25,000 was:

		2011/12		2010/11	
		Number of		Number of	
		Employees		Employees	
Remuneration Band	Total	Leavers in	Total	Leavers in	
		year		year	
£50,000 - £74,999	1	-	1		_

19. Related party transactions

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties — bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence or to be controlled or influenced by the Authority. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Authority might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

Central Government - has a direct influence over the general operations of the Authority – it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Authority operates.

All Commissioners and officers of the Authority are asked to complete a disclosure statement in respect of themselves and their family members/close relatives, detailing any material transactions with related parties.

- Officers of the Authority no related party disclosures arose in relation to officers.
- Members of the Authority have direct control over the Authority's financial and operating policies. During the year 2011/12 the following amounts were transacted with related parties:

A total of £41,809 (2011: £43,023) was paid to a company in respect of a commercial contract, of which Mr K B Mayne, a commissioner, is a director. At the year end an amount of £Nil (2011: £3,176) was outstanding.

The payments were made with proper consideration of declarations of interest. The relevant member did not take part in any discussion or decision relating to this matter.

Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee are related by virtue of common influence and by virtue of the provision of management support. During the year Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee were charged £59,380 (2011: £45,386) in respect of administration charges and clerk's salary. At the year end there is a balance due to Ramsey Town Commissioners of £59,380 (2011: £45,386.)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

20. Audit fees

During 2011/12 the Authority incurred the following fees relating to external audit and inspection:

	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Fees payable with regard to external audit services carried out by the appointed auditor	10,000	9,600
Fees payable with regard to non-audit services carried out by the appointed auditor	-	5,750

21. Total rateable value

The total rateable value at the year end was £678,579 and rates were levied at 332p in the £.

22. Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

The Income and Expenditure account shows the Authority's actual financial performance for the year, measured in terms of the resources consumed and generated over the last twelve months. However, the authority raises rates on a different accounting basis, the main differences being:

- Capital investment is accounted for as it is financed, rather than when the fixed assets are consumed.
- Retirement benefits are charged as the amounts become payable to pension funds and pensioners, rather than as future benefits earned.

The General Fund Balance compares the Authority's spending against the rateable income that it raised for the year, taking into account the use of reserves built up in the past and contributions to funds and reserves. This reconciliation statement summarises the differences between the outturn on the Income and Expenditure Account and the General Fund Balance.

23. HRA capital expenditure

Capital expenditure on HRA land and buildings was financed as follows:

	2011/12	2010/11
	£	£
Borrowing	3,364,898	6,320,446

24. Gross rent income

Gross rent income is the total rent due for the year after voids, write-offs, refunds etc. Voids of £36,928 represent 2.1% of the rental debit for the year, compared to 3.1% in 2010/11.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

25. Housing deficiency grant

Housing deficiency grant is paid from central government to meet the shortfall which might be incurred by the Authority. The amount of deficiency receivable is shown as follows:

	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Deficiency receivable	1,404,558	1,093,300
26. Rent arrears		
	2011/12 £	2010/11 £
Rent arrears	16,070	11,036
Rent arrears as a percentage of gross rent income	0.9%	0.7%
A		

Arrears written off during the year amounted to £0 (£0 in 2010/11).

27. Pensions

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its employees, the authority offers retirement benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the authority has a commitment to make these payments. The Authority participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Douglas Borough Council in accordance with the Isle of Man Local Government Superannuation Scheme Regulations 2003. This is a defined benefit statutory scheme. The Authority and its employees pay contributions into the scheme and these contributions are calculated at a level intended to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.

During the financial year the cost of pensions contributions has been charged to the Income and Expenditure Account. The authority must also disclose its share of the assets and liabilities related to the scheme for its employees. The assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 31 March 2012 were valued by the Fund's actuaries, Hymans Robertson LLP, using the projected unit method, which assesses the future liabilities of the Scheme discounted to their present value. The main financial assumptions used in the calculations are:

Assumptions	31 March 2012	31 March 2011
	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of increase in pensions	2.5%	3.1%
Rate of increase in salaries	4.8%	5.1%
Rate of expected return on assets	5.3%	6.7%
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	4.8%	5.5%

The assets in the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and the asset categories are shown in the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme Accounts.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

27. Pensions (continued)

The fair value of the assets and liabilities held by the Authority within the Scheme are as follows:

	31 March	31 March
	2012	2011
	£	£
Estimated employer assets	4,607,000	4,477,000
Present value of scheme liabilities	(6,307,000)	(6,093,000)
Net pensions liability	(1,700,000)	(1,616,000)

The following transactions have been made in the income and expenditure account during the year:

	2011/12	2010/11
N. A. C. L.	£	£
Net cost of service Past service gain	_	219,000
i ast service gain	-	219,000
Net operating expenditure		
Expected return on employer assets	(302,000)	(276,000)
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	338,000	353,000
	36,000	77,000
	36,000	296,000

The net deficit on the scheme has increased from £1,616,000 to £1,700,000. An analysis of the movement during the year is shown below:

	2011/12	2010/11
	£	£
Net pension liability at the beginning of the year	1,616,000	2,952,000
Current service cost	211,000	219,000
Employer contributions	(225,000)	(226,000)
Interest cost	338,000	353,000
Expected net return on employer assets	(302,000)	(276,000)
Actuarial losses/(gains)	28,000	(719,000)
Loss on curtailment	34,000	-
Past service gains	-	(687,000)

Net pension liability at the end of the year	1,700,000	1,616,000

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012)

27. Pensions (continued)

The fair value of the pension scheme assets at 31 March can be analysed as follows:

·	2011/12	2010/11
	£	£
Equities	2,948,000	3,000,000
Bonds	1,152,000	985,000
Property	415,000	358,000
Cash	92,000	134,000
Fair value of employer assets	4,607,000	4,477,000

The breakdown of the expected return on net assets can be further broken down by category;

	31 March	31 March
	2012	2011
	£	£
Breakdown of the expected return on assets by category		
Equities	6.2%	7.5%
Bonds	3.3%	4.9%
Property	4.4%	5.5%
Cash	3.5%	4.6%

The actuarial gains have been further analysed in the following table, measured as absolute amounts and as a percentage of assets or liabilities as at the end of the financial year:

	2011/12		2010/11	
	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/ liabilities
Value of assets at end of year	4,607,000		4,477,000	
Total present value of liabilities	(6,307,000)		(6,093,000)	
Difference between the actual and expected				
return on assets	239,000	5.2%	145,000	3.2%
Actuarial (losses)/gains recognised in the				
statement	(28,000)	0.4%	719,000	-11.8%

The above figures have been provided by the actuaries to the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme using information provided by the Scheme, and assumptions determined by the Authority in conjunction with the actuary. Actuarial calculations involve estimates based on assumptions about events and circumstances in the future, which may mean that the result of actuarial calculations could be affected by uncertainties within a range of possible values.

The net liability represents the difference between the value of the Authority's share of assets in the Scheme and the value of the future pension payments to which it was committed at that date. These pension liabilities will be paid out over a period of many years, during which time the assets will continue to generate returns towards funding them. Any significant changes in the global equity markets after 1 April 2012 would also have an impact on the capital value of the pension fund assets.

In addition, full details of the pension fund accounts can be obtained from Douglas Borough Council, Douglas, Isle of Man.

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2012

for the year ended 31 March 2012		2012		2011
	£	2012	c	2011 £
Office administration and general erronges	£	£	£	£
Office administration and general expenses Rate collection costs	21,296		21,015	
Audit fees				
Internal audit fees	10,988		9,628	
	8,447		8,315	
Accountancy	13,729		6,930	
Legal expenses	8,385		6,519	
Election expenses	3,470		10 515	
Insurance	12,792		12,515	
Heat and light	23,485		25,866	
Printing, stationery, telephone, rent	45,677		33,643	
Caretaker's wages	20,451		20,502	
Salaries	503,577		468,125	
Pensions	121,862		143,957	
Staff training	2,839		5,108	
Fuel for vans	918		406	
Car travel allowances	466		172	
Depreciation	44,300		40,501	
Amortisation	12,562		<u>-</u>	
Doubtful debts	18,553		34,435	
		873,797		837,637
Fixed papalties	170		219	
Fixed penalties	170		219	
Administration fee from Ramsey and Northern	£1 430		15 206	
District Housing Committee	51,428	(51 500)	45,386	(45 (05)
		(51,598)		(45,605)
		822,199		792,032
Miscellaneous				
Advertising	6,054		4,067	
Members' expenses	3,767		3,403	
Chairman's expenses	2,076		1,300	
Town band	1,000		1,000	
Municipal Sunday	904		1,094	
War memorial	1,907		2,684	
Incidental	5,495		3,299	
Town warden	15,444		16,066	
Bank charges	9,568		9,936	
Amenity byelaw regulations	378		289	
Sundry	1,075		_	
,		47,668		43,138
		,		, , , , , , ,
Incidental	4,106		4,132	
Search fees	12,635		13,365	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	-		17,500	
Administration of trade union subs.	-		39	
		(16,741)		(35,036)
		20.00=		0.400
		30,927		8,102

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2012

Housing & Property Housing	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
Oil and electricity	89,549		87,916	
Restroom refurbishment	308		541	
Garage repairs	788		1,580	
		90,645		90,037
Heating charges	80,877		81,688	
Drying tokens	732		762	
Restroom hire	465		1,001	
Garage rents	3,737		3,900	
		(85,811)		(87,351)
		4,834		2,686
Workshops				
Maintenance and insurance		39,839		38,020
Town Hall				
Maintenance and insurance	81,807		48,550	
Income	(10,723)		(10,312)	
		71,084		38,238
Public Conveniences				
Contract cleaners	38,048		32,225	
Maintenance and insurance	26,789		17,049	
Cleaning materials	3,219		3,523	
		68,056		52,797
Housing Revenue Account				
Surfeit Transferred	10,324		5,738	
Administration charge	135,591		118,263	
		(145,915)	•	(124,001)
		37,898		7,740
		_		

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2012

Wayles and Davidonment	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
Works and Development Amenities and services Foreshore, flags and deckchairs		2,702		3,227
Car Parks Operational costs	20,296		8,165	
Car parking spaces income	(13,595)	6,701	(13,292)	(5,127)
Refuse Wages Operational costs Leasing costs Depreciation	179,312 325,458 2,650 20,783		180,034 331,822 43,071	
Collection charges Sale of commercial refuse bins	528,203 (89,382) (88)		554,927 (91,716) (52)	
	(89,470)		(91,768)	
Sewers and Pumps Wages Operational costs Depreciation	77,016 20,908 721 —————	438,733	76,662 21,900 721 ———————————————————————————————————	463,159
Government refund re sewer connections Administration fee	(198,925) (58,384) ————————————————————————————————————		196,228 51,090 247,318	
		(158,664)		(148,035)
Carried forward		289,472		313,224

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued)

for the year ended 31 March 2012

for the year ended 31 March 2012				
Works and Development	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
Brought forward		289,472		313,224
Miscellaneous Seats, promenade shelters, street nameplates and town clocks maintenance Street and decorative lighting maintenance CC TV town area Grass cutting and tree limbing Property repairs private sector Depreciation	15,608 67,123 2,076 8,360 37,415 18,837		14,485 53,788 1,337 8,591 47,798	
Property repairs Government grants re grass cutting and tree limbing	(9,197)		(1,712) (8,765)	
	(9,197)	140,222	(10,477)	115,522
Parks and Leisure		429,694		428,746
Advertising and entertainment Publicity Seasonal entertaining and attractions Ramsey in Bloom	726 26,471 17,778 44,975		969 27,511 16,546 45,026	
Income Camper van permit income	(4,482) (2,040)		(2,918)	
	(6,522)	38,453	(2,918)	42,108
Amenities and Services Mooragh Park amusements maintenance		11,295		28,577
Mooragh Park Gardens and Land Wages Maintenance Skate park Depreciation	185,843 77,307 1,496 37,109 301,755		172,329 62,039 243 136,639 371,250	
Income	(102)	301,653	(152)	371,098
Carried forward		351,401		441,783

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2012

	£	2012 £	£	2011 £
Parks and Leisure Brought forward		351,401		441,783
Trading Concessions Rates, insurance and licences	5,576		1,644	
Courts and greens maintenance	15,750		13,868	
	21,326		15,512	
Rents and rates	(61,350)	(40,024)	(28,440)	(12,928)
Swimming Pool				
Wages for grass cutting Rate contribution	1,191		857	
Rate contribution	15,109	16,300	15,731	16,588
Maintenance of Properties		15,985		28,153
Ramsey and Northern District Housing auth Wages for grass cutting, etc.	7,230		1,738	
Income	(7,953)		-	
Library		(723)	•	1,738
Salaries	79,325		77,081	
Repairs and maintenance	21,946		20,609	
Depreciation	34,261		32,877	
	135,532		130,567	
Library fee income	(11,425)	40440	(12,897)	117 (70
		124,107		117,670
		467,046	_	593,004
			•	