Statement of Accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2013

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Explanatory Foreword

Introduction

This Statement provides a summary of the Authority's financial performance for the year ended 31 March 2013. It has been prepared in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006.

The individual accounts within the Statement are as follows:

The **Income and Expenditure Account** reports the net cost for the year of all functions for which the Authority is responsible and how those costs are financed from income from local ratepayers and other income sources.

The Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance shows the surplus or deficit on the Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the General Fund in determining the movement on the General Fund Balance for the year.

The Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account is an account which independently records the costs of maintaining and managing the Authority's own housing stock and how these costs are met by rent payers, and other income.

The Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance shows the surplus or deficit on the Housing Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the Housing Account in determining the movement on the Housing Account for the year.

The Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses shows all gains and losses recognised by the Authority during the year which are not reflected in operating performance within the Income and Expenditure Account.

The Balance Sheet sets out the financial position of the Authority at the end of the year.

The Cash Flow Statement summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from the Authority's transactions with third parties during the year.

The General Rate Fund shows the transactions of the Authority as a charging authority in respect of rates income.

This section provides a summary review of performance during the year and of key areas which impact the Authority's financial position.

Income and Expenditure Account

The Income and Expenditure Account covers the day to day running costs of the Authority's services, with the exception of Authority housing which is contained within the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account.

Net expenditure is met from the following sources:

- Income from the General Rate Fund
- · Income from social housing
- Miscellaneous income

Explanatory Foreword (continued)

Income and Expenditure Account (continued)

The income and expenditure account for the year shows a deficit of £13,552,070 (2012: £598,404) however once the other movements on the general fund have been taken into account, as detailed below, the results show an overall surplus of £291,012 (2012: £54,385). During the year, a full revaluation of the assets of the Authority was undertaken as detailed in note 1 to the financial statements. This resulted in an impairment provision of £14,113,723 against the net book value of assets held.

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

This relates to amounts which are included in the income and expenditure account but do not relate to the general fund, and items excluded from the income and expenditure account which relates to the general fund.

Primarily the movements relate to the depreciation cost in the year, impairment of fixed assets, income and expenditure on other funds, movement on the pension liability, gains or losses on sale of fixed assets and the inclusion of capital repayments on loans and finance leases which are met by the general fund.

Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account

The Housing Revenue Account shows the income and expenditure on Authority housing. For the year ended 31 March 2013, the deficiency requirement amounted to £1,411,512 (2012: £1,404,558).

Statement on the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance

This statement shows the deficit on the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts as required by Statute and non-statutory proper practices. Deficiency payments are received from Department of Social Care covering any deficit and hence there is no annual movement on the reserve.

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

This statement summarises all gains and losses incurred during the period and includes actuarial losses for the period of £262,000 (2012: £28,000).

The full property revaluation also resulted in unreaslised gains of £7,574,865 during the period.

Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in the year was £2,067,399 (2012: £3,501,059).

General Rate Fund

The general rate income due and collected by the Authority is shown in the General Rate Fund. Rates were levied at 342p (2012:332p) in the £ on an average rateable value of £682,753 (2012: £669,835) during the year.

Explanatory Foreword (continued)

Pensions Liability

The SORP requires the Authority to disclose certain information within its Financial Statements. Included within that information, and included in note 27, is the net liability on the Isle of Man Local Government Pension Scheme that is attributable to Ramsey Town Commissioners.

This is the difference between future liabilities and assets, as valued at 31 March 2013 and amounts to £2,022,000 (2012: £1,700,000).

Investments and Borrowing

The Authority borrowed £3,609,324 (2012: £2,600,000) during the year to finance capital expenditure.

Reserves

The Authority has increased its general fund reserves from £1,239,455 in 2012 to £1,530,467 at March 2013. These resources are retained to cover planned and potential expenditure, including support of the capital programme, debt repayment and as a buffer against anticipated financial risks.

Statement of Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings as at 31 March 2013, and in accordance with United Kingdom generally accepted accounting principles.

The accounts have been drawn up in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP") issued by Treasury, except as disclosed below. This SORP is recognised under the Audit Act 2006 and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 as representing proper accounting practices. Key principles are set out below.

Tangible fixed assets

Recognition

Expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of fixed assets has been capitalised on an accruals basis. Capital expenditure incurred on fixed assets that does not materially add to the value of those assets is written off. Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and included in the balance sheet except for leases that are in secondary rental periods, where there are no future obligations of material significance.

Assets obtained under operating leases are not included in the Balance Sheet; annual rentals are charged to revenue and transactions are disclosed as a note to the accounts. Operational assets are those used by the Authority in the delivery of services or in pursuit of its strategic or service objectives. Non-operational assets are those held but not directly occupied, used or consumed for those purposes. Assets under the course of construction are included at cost and consist of properties under construction.

Valuations

The SORP requires the dwellings and other land and buildings to be held at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use. These assets were previously held at historical cost and not depreciated which is contrary to the accounting treatment required by the SORP. A valuation has been carried out as at 31 March 2013 and this has been accounted for in these accounts.

Operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use. In the case of vehicles, office furniture and plant and equipment, historical costs have been used as a proxy for these values; as inflation is low, prices will not vary significantly over the estimated life of the assets while the Authority depreciates them on a prudent basis using conservative estimates of working lives. As a consequence, the use of historical costs rather than values for these items will not result in a material difference in the Accounts.

Assets classified as 'assets under construction', are initially measured at cost in accordance with the SORP, and consist of costs which are directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use. Subsequently, when the asset has been completed, the SORP requires that the cost is transferred to the appropriate asset category at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realizable value in existing use, with depreciation calculated and applied on this amount. In the prior year, the assets had not been valued and depreciated in accordance with the SORP.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Valuations (continued)

Investment properties are held at historical cost. The SORP requires that investment properties should be held at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value. Therefore the investment properties have not been valued in accordance with the SORP.

Infrastructure assets and community assets are included in the Balance Sheet at historical cost (net of depreciation where appropriate); if this could not be ascertained, a nominal value has been used. There is no material effect on the Accounts.

Non-operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life. In the previous year, no depreciation was applied to the buildings element of the dwellings and of other land and buildings, which is contrary to the accounting treatment required by the SORP. Where depreciation is provided for, assets are being depreciated by applying the straight line method to Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting their estimated useful lives. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the lease period if this is shorter than their estimated useful life.

Impairment

The value at which each category of assets is included in the Balance Sheet is reviewed at the end of each year: where values have changed materially in the period, the valuations are adjusted to reflect the change. Where a major change in asset values is due to a consumption of economic benefits (such as physical damage), the impairment loss is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account. Other impairments are recognised in the Revaluation Reserve.

Disposals

Income from the disposal of fixed assets is accounted for on an accruals basis. Capital receipts are held in the Usable Capital Receipts Reserve until such time as they are used to finance other capital expenditure, when they are credited to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Deferred Liabilities

Leases are recorded as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the leased asset transfer to the Authority. Rentals payable are apportioned between the cost of acquisition of the interest in the asset and finance cost which is charged to revenue. The liability is recognised in the balance sheet at the start of the lease and written down as rentals become payable. Further details of the treatment of leased assets are given in relevant sections of this statement.

Housing Deficiency

Housing deficiency is accounted for on an accruals basis and represents an amount due in respect of the shortfall in housing income over housing receipts in the year in accordance with the housing deficiency scheme operated by the Department of Social Care.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Accruals of income and expenditure

The capital and revenue accounts of the Authority are maintained on an accruals basis: activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Fees, charges and rents due from tenants are accounted for as income at the date the Authority provides the relevant goods or services.
- Employee costs are charged as expenditure when they are due rather than paid, including any arrears of pay or pay awards.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption; they are carried as stocks on the balance sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as work in progress on the balance sheet.
- Interest payable and receivable on borrowings is accounted for in the year to which it relates, on a basis that reflects the overall effect of the loan or investment.
- Where income and expenditure has been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a
 debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the balance sheet. Where it is doubtful that
 debts will be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the
 income that might not be collected.
- Income and expenditure are credited and debited to the relevant account, unless they properly represent capital receipts or capital expenditure. These accruals are largely based on known commitments and can be assessed accurately. Where estimates are made, they are based on historical records, precedence and officers' knowledge and experience. In all cases the Authority adopts a prudent approach to avoid overstating its resources.

Value Added Tax

Value Added Tax is included in income and expenditure accounts, whether of a capital or revenue nature, only to the extent that it is irrecoverable.

Overheads

The costs of service management and support services have been fully charged or allocated to service and trading accounts either in relation to the time spent on each revenue service or capital scheme or in proportion to transactions processed for those accounts.

Pension costs

Pension arrangements for Authority employees are handled by the Local Government Pension Scheme, which is a funded, defined benefit scheme. The Accounting Policies of the Scheme are those recommended by the SORP and its annual reports are prepared in accordance with the Pensions SORP.

The pension cost has been assessed by the Fund's actuary based on triennial valuations, the 2012/13 contributions being based on the results of the review as at 31 March 2010. These contributions are charged to the Accounts in accordance with statutory requirements. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligations and any related funding are reflected at fair value. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to employees are recognised in the accounting period in which the benefits are earned by the employees, and the related finance costs and any other changes in value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the accounting periods in which they arise; and the financial statements contain adequate disclosure of the cost of providing retirement benefits and the related gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are fixed assets that do not have physical substance but which are identifiable and where future economic benefits will be received by the Authority through custody or legal rights (e.g software licences). Purchased intangibles are capitalised at cost on an accruals basis and amortised to the Income and Expenditure Account over a 5 year period.

Reserves

Reserves include earmarked reserves set aside for specific policy purposes and balances which represent resources set aside for purposes such as general contingencies and cash flow management. The Authority maintains the following significant reserves:

- General fund: set up to act as a buffer against the potential risks of increased expenditure to be charged to future years' Accounts and to assist in organisational development.
- Usable capital receipts reserve: these are amounts of capital receipts received to be used to finance future capital expenditure.
- Housing repairs account: representing the unspent allowance for repairs on the Commissioner's housing stock.

The following account has been set up as an earmarked reserve:

• Heating reserve: surplus funds from the supply of heating to the housing residents.

The following accounts have been established in accordance with the capital accounting provisions. They are not fully backed by cash, nor generally available to finance expenditure.

- Revaluation Reserve: representing principally the balance of the surpluses or deficits arising on the periodic revaluation of fixed assets.
- Capital adjustment account: amounts set aside from capital receipts or revenue resources to finance expenditure on fixed assets or for the repayment of external loans and certain other capital financing transactions.
- Pension reserve: amounts to match liability in respect of the Commissioners' share of the Isle of Man Local Authority Pension Scheme.

Provisions

The Authority maintains provisions for bad and doubtful debts, which are held against its arrears of major income sources.

Events after the balance sheet date

Post balance sheet events, whether favourable or unfavourable, that affect the conditions existing at the balance sheet date are adjusted in the Accounts and disclosures. For events occurring after the balance sheet date relating to conditions that arose after that date, adjustments are not made in the Accounts but details are disclosed in a note to the balance sheet. These principles apply up to the date when the Accounts are authorised for issue.

Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts

The Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs through the appointment of a Responsible Financial Officer;
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets; and
- approve the Statement of Accounts.

The Responsible Financial Officer's responsibilities

The Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer should:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- · comply with the SORP.

The Responsible Financial Officer should also:

- keep proper accounting records which are up to date; and
- take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Responsible Financial Officer should sign and date the statement of accounts, stating that it presents fairly the financial position of the body at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2013.

Statement of Internal Control

Introduction

Regulation 8 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 requires the Authority to conduct a review at least once a year of the effectiveness of its systems of internal control and include a statement on internal control within the Authority's statement of accounts.

This statement is made by Ramsey Town Commissioners to the Isle of Man Government Treasury in accordance with the requirements of the Isle of Man Government's Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct ("the Code").

Responsibilities of the Board and the Responsible Financial Officer

The Board controls strategy, policy and key financial and operational matters within the Authority. In addition, it is the Board's responsibility to ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

The Board is responsible for implementing and maintaining systems of internal control and corporate governance which:

- ensure compliance with legislation and other regulations;
- safeguard public money, ensure that it is properly accounted for and that it is used economically, efficiently and effectively; and
- support the achievement of the strategy, policies, aims and objectives approved by the Board.

In discharging this responsibility, the Board works with senior officers to put in place arrangements for the governance of the Authority's affairs and the stewardship of resources, in accordance with the Code.

Internal control and corporate governance environment

The Authority's systems of internal control and corporate governance have been developed through an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The following are considered to be key aspects of the internal control and corporate governance environment:

· Board meetings

The Board meets monthly and consists of a Chairman and 11 other Board members. The Board receive reports from the Authority's Officers on operational matters and ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

Review of internal control and corporate governance environment

The effectiveness of the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements is continuously assessed by the work of management and the Board.

Further evidence as to the effectiveness of internal controls and corporate governance arrangements is provide by reports issued during the year by the internal auditors.

Statement of Internal Control (continued)

Report on internal control and corporate governance environment

Attention is drawn to the fact that systems of internal control and corporate governance are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve objectives. They can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance. Accordingly, reasonable assurance is given that, except for the matters listed below, the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements are adequate and operate effectively during the year ended 31 March 2013.

The following improvements have been identified by the internal auditors to address internal control weaknesses:

- Debt control
- Library services
- Review of revised rent point calculations
- Riverside workshops/maintenance department process

(Signed)	N. H. Walpars	(Signed) Stoobur
(Chairman)		(Responsible Finance Officer)

(Dated) 3rd September 2014

Report of the Independent Auditors, Grant Thornton Limited, to Ramsey Town Commissioners

We have audited the financial statements of Ramsey Town Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the statement of accounting policies, the income and expenditure account, the statement of the movement on the general fund balance, housing revenue income and expenditure account, statement of the movement on the housing revenue account balance, statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the general rate fund and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Statement of Recommended Practice 2007: Accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

This report is made solely to the authority's Commissioners, as a body, in accordance with section 6 of the Audit Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the authority's Commissioners, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the authority and the authority's Commissioners, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Responsible Financial Officer and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, including the financial statements, which give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Responsible Financial Officer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Basis for qualified opinion on financial statements

In the prior year, included within dwellings and other land and buildings are assets reported at historical cost, not at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use as required by section 3.97 of the SORP. In addition, as disclosed in the Statement of accounting policies, in the current and prior year, these assets are not depreciated as required by section 3.112 of the SORP. In the current and prior year investment property has also been reported at historical cost, not at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value as required by section 3.98 of the SORP.

Report of the Independent Auditors, Grant Thornton Limited, to Ramsey Town Commissioners (continued)

Qualified opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the authority's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the SORP; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2007 made under the Audit Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

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Except for the effect on the financial statements of the matters referred to in the basis for qualified opinion, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the section 4 of the Audit Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the financial statements do not comply with the regulations made under section 12 of the Act and any directions under section 13; or
- expenditure or income or any other transaction effected by or on account of the authority is or will be contrary to law; or
- the internal organisation of the authority and the controls maintained by it are not sufficient as to secure proper management of the finances of the authority and economy and efficiency in the use of its resources.

Grant Thornton Limited Chartered Accountants

PO Box 307 54-62 Athol Street

Douglas, Isle of Man IM99 2BE

Date:

Income and Expenditure Account For the year ended 31 March 2013

	2012/13 Gross Expenditure	2012/13 Gross Income	2012/13 Net Expenditure/ (income)	2011/12 Net Expenditure/ (income)
	£	£	£	£
Continuing operations:	9/2/22	50 010	012 402	922 100
Office administration & Office expenses Miscellaneous properties	862,622 49,143	50,219 15,638	812,403 33,505	822,199 30,927
Housing & Property	245,637	286,889	(41,252)	37,898
Works & Development	814,750	430,367	384,383	429,694
Parks & Leisure	540,654	61,128	479,526	467,046
Impairment of non-housing assets	1,444,429	•	1,444,429	-
Housing Income & Expenditure Account	14,303,530	3,731,897	10,571,633	(2,527,665)
Current service cost adjustment re: pensions	1,000		1,000	(14,000)
Net cost of services	18,261,765	4,576,138	13,685,627	(753,901)
Insurance and compensation proceeds			-	(1,158,587)
Interest payable and similar charges			2,043,488	1,954,759
Interest and investment income Pensions interest cost & return on pension			(10,751)	(10,373)
assets			59,000	36,000
Impairment of fixed assets			•	1,457,446
Net operating expenditure			15,777,364	1,525,344
Sources of finance				
Income from the General Rate Fund			2,225,294	2,123,748
Net (deficit)/surplus for the year			(13,552,070)	598,404

The notes on pages 24 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year ended 31 March 2013

	2012/13 £	2011/12 £
(Deficit)/surplus for the year on the income and expenditure account	(13,552,070)	598,404
Amounts included in the Income and Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Insurance and compensation proceeds Depreciation and impairment of fixed assets Net charges made for retirement benefits Profit on sale of fixed assets	1,604,496 60,000 (4,623)	(1,158,587) 1,481,526 22,000
Amounts not included in the Income and Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included by statute when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Loans funds principal repayments Finance lease capital repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund	(107,771) (29,096) (88,320)	(101,260) (29,096) (132,466)
Transfers to or from the General Fund Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Transfer to heating reserve Transfer from housing revenue account Transfer to housing reserve Transfer from Usable capital receipts reserve	1,187 12,407,321 (81) (31)	10,068 (636,134) (39) (31)
Surplus for the year	291,012	54,385
General Fund Balance brought forward	1,239,455	1,185,070
General Fund Balance carried forward	1,530,467	1,239,455

The notes on pages 24 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2013

	2012/13 £	2012/13 £	2011/12 £ (restated)	2011/12 £ (restated)
Income Dwelling rents Contributions towards expenditure including	1,960,867		1,770,958	(restated)
Housing Deficiency Payments Any other income	1,411,512 359,518		1,404,558 356,712	
Total income		3,731,897		3,532,228
Expenditure Repairs and maintenance Supervision & management Rent, rates, taxes and other charges Depreciation Impairment of fixed assets Additional allowances re 2009, 2010, 2011 Bad debt provision	537,229 135,591 359,518 3,817 13,257,750	(14 202 520)	468,366 135,591 346,497 3,817 1,303,079 50,292	(2 307 642)
Net cost of HRA services as included in		(14,303,530)		(2,307,642)
the whole authority income and expenditure account		(10,571,633)		1,224,586
Insurance and compensation proceeds Interest payable and similar charges Interest income		(1,843,565) 7,877		1,158,587 (1,754,618) 7,579
(Deficit)/surplus for the year on HRA		(12,407,321)		636,134
services		***************************************		

The notes on pages 24 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year ended 31 March 2013

for the year ended 31 March 2013	2012/13 £	2011/12 £
(Deficit)/surplus for the year on the HRA income and expenditure account	(12,407,321)	636,134
Amounts included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance		
Insurance and compensation proceeds Depreciation & impairment of fixed assets	13,261,567	(1,158,587) 1,306,896
Amounts not included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year		
Loan funds principal repayments	(826,735)	(710,444)
Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year		
Transfers to housing maintenance account	(37,136)	(73,999)
	(9,625)	-
Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward	-	-
Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward	(9,625)	-
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2013		
	2012/13	2011/12 £
(Deficit)/surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year	(13,552,070)	598,404
Housing revenue prior year amendment Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Loss on curtailment	7,574,865 (262,000)	50,292 36,030 (28,000) (34,000)
Total recognised gains and losses for the year	(6,239,205)	622,726

The notes on pages 23 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets	1	~	w.		
Operational assets Dwellings	1/5	51,753,446		58,752,119	
Other land & buildings	1	7,830,000		5,129,226	
Vehicles, plant, furniture & Equipment	I,	359,043		420,355	
Infrastructure assets Community assets	$\frac{I}{I}$	68,982		56,552 138,367	
001111111111111111111111111111111111111	•		60,011,471		64,496,619
Non-operational assets					
Assets under construction	1	310,679		1,052,248	
Investment properties	I	1,206,000	1,516,679	1,197,166	2,249,414
			1,0 10,075		2,212,111
Intangible assets	6		12,562		18,843
Long term debtor	9		2,590		14,195
			61,543,302		66,779,071
Current assets			01,545,502		00,777,071
Debtors	9	454,295		1,089,246	
Cash at bank	13	1,460,083		1,559,460	
		1,914,378		2,648,706	
Current liabilities	1.5	1 120 /27		1 0/2 005	
Short-term borrowing Finance lease liability	15 16	1,139,627 29,096		1,063,985 29,096	
Creditors	10	264,620		544,286	
Bank overdraft	10	505,954		2,746,352	
		1,939,297		4,383,719	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			(24,919)		(1,735,013)
Total assets less current liabilities			61,518,383		65,044,058
Long-term liabilities					
Long-term borrowing	15	38,021,081		35,600,455	
Pension liability	27	2,022,000		1,700,000	
Finance lease liability	16	29,096	40,072,177	58,192	37,358,647
Total assets less liabilities			21,446,206		27,685,411

Balance Sheet (continued)

As at 31 March 2013

		2013	2012
Financed by:		£	£
Revaluation reserve	12	11,263,521	18,390,479
Capital adjustment account	12	10,462,698	9,570,392
Usable capital receipts reserve	12	31,008	30,977
Pension reserve	12	(2,022,000)	(1,700,000)
Earmarked reserve	12	42,281	43,468
General fund	12	1,530,467	1,239,455
Housing repairs account	12	147,856	110,640
Housing account	12	(9,625)	-
		21,446,206	27,685,411

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Authority on 03:00:14 and were signed on their behalf by:

Chairman

Responsible Finance Officer

The notes on pages 23 to 33 form part of these financial statements

N. H. Malpark

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2013				
Revenue activities		2012/13		2011/12
2010100 0021100	£	£	£	£
Cash outflows				
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	1,577,515		1,577,148	
Other operating cash payments	1,537,532		1,894,770	
		(3,115,047)		(3,471,918)
Cash inflows				
Rents (after rebates)	2,042,069		1,846,293	
Rate receipts	2,146,696		2,077,549	
Revenue support grant	2,022,582		1,083,722	
Cash received for goods and services	985,110		1,053,351	6060016
		7,196,457		6,060,915
Net cash inflow from revenue activities		4,081,410		2,588,997
Returns on Investments and servicing				
of finance				
Cash outflows				
Interest paid	(2,041,635)		(1,956,331)	
Cash inflows			10.000	
Interest received	10,751		10,373	
Net servicing of finance		(2,030,884)		(1,945,958)
Capital activities				
Cash outflows				
Purchase of fixed assets	(2,380,300)		(3,777,723)	
Cash inflows				
Proceeds on sale of assets	3,623	(2,376,677)	-	(3,777,723)
Net cash outflow before financing		(326,151)		(3,134,684)
Management of liquid resources		•		
Net increase /(decrease) in short term	287,384		(939,700)	
deposits		287,384		(939,700)
Financing				` , ,
Cash outflows				
Repayments of amounts borrowed	(934,506)		(811,704)	
Capital element of finance lease rental	(29,096)		(29,096)	
Repayment of bonds	(178,550)		(126,300)	
		(1,142,152)	***************************************	(967,100)
Cash inflows	a 200		0.600.000	
New loans raised	3,609,324		2,600,000	
Insurance claim	-	2 (00 224	1,158,587	2 750 507
		3,609,324		3,758,587
		2,467,172		2,791,487
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash		2,428,405		(1,282,897)

The notes on pages 23 to 33 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2013

1. Reconciliation of net surplus to net o	ash inflow from	revenue activiti 2012/13	es	2011/12
		2012/13 £		2011/12 £
Net (deficit)/surplus		(13,552,070)		598,404
Depreciation		157,602		159,828
Amortisation		6,281		12,562
Insurance proceeds		0,201		(1,158,587)
Housing revenue adjustment re prior year	•¢	-		50,292
Profit on sale of assets	Q.	(4,623)		20,20
Other recognised gains		366		929
Impairment of assets		14,702,179		1,457,446
Appropriations to pension reserve		60,000		22,000
Interest paid		2,041,635		1,956,331
Interest received				
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		(10,751)		(10,373)
		647,556		(308,967)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		33,235		(190,868)
Net cash inflow from revenue activities		4,081,410		2,588,997
2. Reconciliation of the movement in n	et deht			
2. Accomeniation of the movement in in	ci debi	2012/13	2012/13	2011/12
			£ £	2011/12 r
Net debt at 1 April		£	(37,938,620)	(35,962,524)
Movement in net debt:		A 400 40 F		(1.000.000)
Increase /(decrease) in cash in the period		2,428,405		(1,282,897)
Outflow from decrease in debt financing		(2,496,268)		(1,661,995)
(Outflow)/inflow from movement in liqui	d resources	(287,384)		939,700
Inflow from movement in finance leases		29,096		29,096
				•
			(326,151)	(1,976,096)
Net debt at 31 March			(38,264,771)	(37,938,620)
3. Reconciliation of financing and mana	agement of liquid	resources		
	Balance at		Non	Balance at
	31 March	Cash	Cash	31 March
	2012	movement	movement	2013
	£	£	£	£
Cash in hand	259,710	188,007		447,717
Overdraft	(2,746,352)	(1,368,927)	3,609,325	(505,954)
		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	(2,486,642)	(1,180,920)	3,609,325	(58,237)
Short term investments	1,299,750	(287,384)	-	1,012,366
Net debt:				
Due within one year	(050 005)	021 506	(1 015 040)	(1.120 < 27)
•	(859,085)	934,506	(1,215,048)	(1,139,627)
Due after one year	(35,805,355)	178,551	(2,394,277)	(38,021,081)
Finance lease	(87,288)	29,096		(58,192)
Total net debt	(37,938,620)	(326,151)		(38,264,771)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2013

4. Government Grants

The revenue support grants detailed above relate to Housing Deficiency received from the Department of Social Care and also receipts in respect of apprentice training.

5. Liquid resources

Within liquid resources the Authority includes any increase or decrease in cash held on deposit held with the Isle of Man bank.

General Rate Fund

as at 31 March 2013

	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Total rates levied for the year		2,335,015		2,223,853
Add: Due from Treasury re prior year Arrears brought forward	51,408 118,858		12,748 138,913	
Less: Discounts Exempt and unoccupied properties Refunds Collection charge Write off	(79,384) (29,362) (975) (22,660) (4,267)	170,266	(76,068) (22,329) (1,707) (21,296) (6,299)	151,661
Total rates collectable		2,368,633		2,247,815
Rates received in the year:				
Current year rates Arrears collected Balance from Treasury re previous year	2,054,018 41,269 51,408		1,993,041 71,760 12,748	
Total rates received in the year	***************************************	2,146,695		2,077,549
Balances outstanding carried forward:				
Due from Treasury re current year Arrears - current year - previous years	87,066 61,550 73,322		51,408 58,004 60,854	
		221,938		170,266
		2,368,633		2,247,815

Notes to the financial statements

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

1. Tangible fixed assets

Cost/Valuation	Dwellings	Other Land and Buildings £	Motor Vehicles Plant and Equipment £	Infra- structure assets £	Community Assets	Total £
At 31 March 2012	58,752,119	5,129,226	2,030,332	369,687	278,712	66,560,076
Additions in the year Disposals Transfers Impairments Revaluations	2,719,926 - 157,892 (13,257,750) 3,381,259	278,357 (854,823) 3,277,240	57,993 (167,568)	30,327	(116,817) (1,150)	2,808,246 (167,568) 319,432 (14,113,723) 6,658,499
At 31 March 2013	51,753,446	7,830,000	1,920,757	400,014	160,745	62,064,962
Depreciation At 31 March 2012 Charge for the year Disposals in the year	-	-	1,609,977 119,305 (167,568)	313,135 17,897	140,345 20,400	2,063,457 157,602 (167,568)
At 31 March 2013		-	1,561,714	331,032	160,745	2,053,491
Net book value At 31 March 2013	51,753,446	7,830,000	359,043	68,982	-	60,011,471
At 31 March 2012	58,752,119	5,129,226	420,355	56,552	138,367	64,496,619
At 31 March 2013					138,367	

Included within Vehicles, plant and equipment above, is a vehicle which is held on finance lease. The cost of this asset is £145,480, to which £20,783 of depreciation has been attributed in the year.

Valuation of fixed assets

The Authority plans to fully revalue its fixed assets every five years. Valuations have been carried out by Chrystals Commercial, Chartered Surveyors who are the Authority's external valuer as at 31 March 2013. The basis for valuation is set out in the statement of accounting policies.

Cost/valuation

	Assets under Construction £	Investment Properties £	Total £
At 31 March 2012	1,052,248	1,197,166	2,249,414
Additions in the year	1,119,605	-	1,119,605
Impairment	(722)	(587,734)	(588,456)
Transfers	(1,860,452)	(319,432)	(2,179,884)
Revaluation	•	916,000	916,000
At 31 March 2013	310,679	1,206,000	1,516,679

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

2. Depreciation methodologies

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life. Depreciation is calculated, using the straight line method, on Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles, Plant & Equipment Infrastructure Assets Community Assets Property			Years 7 7 7 50
3. Assets held			
Operational assets	Number at 31 March 2012	Changes 2012/13	Number at 31 March 2013
Dwellings	558		558
Other Land and Buildings			
Car parks	4	•	4
Depots	2	~	2
Public Conveniences	4	-	4
Public Offices	1	-	1
Recreational properties	3	**	3
Miscellaneous properties	4	-	4
Vehicles, Plant and Equipment Vehicles	26	(7)	19
Community Assets Parks and open spaces	2	w	2
Non-Operational assets Commercial properties	4	-	4

4. Housing fixed assets

The dwellings consist of the Authority's housing stock.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

5. Housing stock

The housing stock of dwellings at 31 March was made up as follows:

Houses & bungalows Flats & maisonettes	2012/13 £ 379 179	2011/12 £ 379 179
	<u> </u>	558
Changes in the housing stock are detailed below:		
	2012/13 £	2011/12 £
Stock at 1 April 2012 Additions	58,752,119 2,719,926	45,442,824 14,612,374
Transfers Impairments Revaluations	157,892 (13,257,750) 3,381,259	(1,303,079)
Stock at 31 March 2013	51,753,446	58,752,119
6. Intangible Fixed Assets		
These represent software items which are amortised over 5 years		
	31 March 2013	31 March 2012
Cost At 1 April 2012 Additions in the year	£ 31,405	£ - 31,405
Net book value as at 31 March 2013	31,405	31,405
Amortisation At 1 April 2012 Amortisation in the year	12,562 6,281	12,562
At 31 March 2013	18,843	12,562
Net Book Value At 31 March 2013	12,562	18,843
At 31 March 2012	18,843	

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

7. Capital expenditure and financing

	2012/13 £	2011/12 £
Capital investment Operational assets Non-operational assets	88,320 1,979,079	132,465 3,364,899
	2,067,399	3,497,364

This capital expenditure has been financed by bank borrowings and contributions from revenue.

8. Capital commitments

The estimated commitments for capital expenditure that had started, or legal contracts entered into, by 31 March 2013 are listed below:

Housing	31 March 2013 £ 86,113	31 March 2012 £ 644,358
Housing		====
9. Debtors	2012	2012
	2013	2012
	£	£
Amounts falling due in one year (net of bad debt provisions):		
Government departments	157,700	645,152
Other local authorities	N	59,380
Ratepayers	39,765	38,752
Housing rents	24,179	16,070
Sundry debtors	115,498	116,110
Value Added Tax	117,153	213,782
	454,295	1,089,246

Debtors balances are shown net of provisions for bad or doubtful debts. Details of these provisions are given at note 11. Long term debtors of £2,590 (2012: £14,195) relates to amounts due after one year relating to property repairs carried out on behalf of a tenant, to be repaid to the Authority. A provision of £11,315 has been made against this debt.

10. Creditors

	2013 £	2012 £
Central Government	78,258	30,379
Housing rents	14,885	11,642
Capital projects: amounts outstanding	-	150,276
Sundry creditors	109,803	102,474
Retentions	61,674	249,515
	264,620	544,286
	<u> </u>	

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

11. Provisions

	2013 £	2012 £
Rate debtors Sundry debtors	95,107 14,856	80,107 2,254
	109,963	82,361

12. Capital reserves and accounts

	Revaluation reserve	Capital adjustment account £	Usable capital receipts £	Pensions reserve
Balance at 1 April 2012 Net surplus for year	18,390,479	9,570,392 892,306	30,977 31	(1,700,000) (60,000)
Unrealised loss on revaluation of assets Actuarial losses	(7,126,958)	, <u>-</u>	• -	(262,000)
Balance at 31 March 2013	11,263,521	10,462,698	31,008	(2,022,000)

Revenue reserves

	Housing account £	General Fund £	Heating Reserve	Housing repairs account £
Balance at 1 April 2012	,	1,239,455	43,468	110,640
Net surplus for year	-	291,012	40	80
Transfers (to)/from other reserves	(9,625)	-	(1,227)	37,136
Balance at 31 March 2013	(9,625)	1,530,467	42,281	147,856

13. Cash at bank

The cash figure at 31 March 2013 was £1,460,083 (2012: £1,559,460). An analysis of the cash movements and the movement in net debt is provided in the cash flow statement and its notes on pages 19 to 21.

14. Analysis of net assets employed

	2013	2012
	£	£
General fund	5,148,392	581,677
Housing revenue account	16,297,814	27,103,734
	21,446,206	27,685,411

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

15. Borrowings

Loans outstanding are the amounts borrowed from external lenders at the balance sheet date. They may be analysed as follows:

	2013	2012
Analysis of loans by type:	£	£
Commercial loans	39,094,508	36,419,690
Local authority bonds	66,200	244,750
Total	39,160,708	36,664,440
Analysis of bonds and loans by maturity:		
Less than 1 year	1,139,627	1,063,985
Between 1 and 2 years	1,142,008	920,844
Between 2 and 5 years	3,751,006	2,982,772
Between 5 and 10 years	7,350,265	6,042,621
More than 10 years	25,777,802	25,654,218
Total outstanding	39,160,708	36,664,440

Loan security

The Authority has acquired financing through a number of fixed term loans from the Isle of Man Bank to fund long-term capital projects which is secured by a Letter of Comfort provided by Treasury. The fixed term loans are repayable quarterly, over periods between 10 and 30 years and interest is charged at fixed rates of between 4.83% and 6.11% per annum.

During the year, the Authority has taken out variable rate loans, interest being charge at Libor plus 1.25%. Again these loans are repayable quarterly and are secured by the Letter of Comfort provided by Treasury.

16. Finance Lease

The Authority holds the following value of assets under finance leases, accounted for as part of tangible fixed assets as below:

	Vehicles, plant and equipment £
Value at 1 April 2012	103,914
Additions	•
Depreciation	(20,783)
Value at 31 March 2013	,
	83,131
	terminant and the first terminal and the firs

Outstanding obligations to make payments under these finance leases (excluding finance costs) as at 31 March 2013, account for as deferred liabilities, are as follows:

During the year, finance charges of £3,724 (2012: £3,724) were incurred in respect of finance leases.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

16. Finance Lease (continued)

	Vehicles, plant and equipment
	and equipment £
Obligations payable in 2013/14	29,096
Obligations payable between 2014/15 and 2015/16	29,096
Total obligations payable	58,192

17. Members' allowances

During 2012/13 the Authority paid £2,486 (2011/12:£3,767) to its Members in respect of their attendance at meetings, undertaking duties and responsibilities.

18. Employees' remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, was £50,000 or more in bands of £25,000 was:

		2012/13 Number of Employees		2011/12 Number of Employees	
Remuneration Band	Total	Leavers in	Total	Leavers in	
		year		year	
£50,000 - £74,999	2	-	1		-

19. Related party transactions

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties – bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence or to be controlled or influenced by the Authority. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Authority might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

Central Government - has a direct influence over the general operations of the Authority - it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Authority operates.

All Commissioners and officers of the Authority are asked to complete a disclosure statement in respect of themselves and their family members/close relatives, detailing any material transactions with related parties.

- Officers of the Authority no related party disclosures arose in relation to officers.
- Members of the Authority have direct control over the Authority's financial and operating policies. During the year 2012/13 the following amounts were transacted with related parties:

A total of £Nil (2012: £41,809) was paid to a company in respect of a commercial contract, of which Mr K B Mayne, a commissioner, is a director. At the year end an amount of £Nil (2012: £Nil) was outstanding.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

19. Related party transactions (continued)

The payments were made with proper consideration of declarations of interest. The relevant member did not take part in any discussion or decision relating to this matter.

Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee are related by virtue of common influence and by virtue of the provision of management support. During the year Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee were charged £59,890 (2012: £59,380) in respect of administration charges and clerk's salary. At the year end there is a balance due to Ramsey Town Commissioners of £Nil (2012: £59,380).

20. Audit fees

During 2012/13 the Authority incurred the following fees relating to external audit and inspection:

	2012/13 £	2011/12 £
Fees payable with regard to external audit services carried out by	10,253	10,000
the appointed auditor Fees payable with regard to non-audit services carried out by the appointed auditor in respect of year ended 31 March 2011	3,500	-

21. Total rateable value

The total rateable value at the year end was £683,804 (2012: 678,579) and rates were levied at 342p in the £ (2012:£332p).

22. Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

The Income and Expenditure account shows the Authority's actual financial performance for the year, measured in terms of the resources consumed and generated over the last twelve months. However, the authority raises rates on a different accounting basis, the main differences being:

- Capital investment is accounted for as it is financed, rather than when the fixed assets are consumed.
- Retirement benefits are charged as the amounts become payable to pension funds and pensioners, rather than as future benefits earned.

The General Fund Balance compares the Authority's spending against the rateable income that it raised for the year, taking into account the use of reserves built up in the past and contributions to funds and reserves. This reconciliation statement summarises the differences between the outturn on the Income and Expenditure Account and the General Fund Balance.

23. HRA capital expenditure

Capital expenditure on HRA land and buildings was financed as follows:

	2012/13	2011/12
	£	£
Borrowing	1,979,079	3,364,898

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

24. Gross rent income

Gross rent income is the total rent due for the year after voids, write-offs, refunds etc. Voids of £18,416 represent 0.9% of the rental debit for the year, compared to 2.1% in 2011/12.

25. Housing deficiency grant

Housing deficiency grant is paid from central government to meet the shortfall which might be incurred by the Authority. The amount of deficiency receivable is shown as follows:

	2012/13	2011/12
	£	£
Deficiency receivable	1,411,512	1,404,558
		<u> </u>
26. Rent arrears		
	2012/13	2011/12
	£	£
Rent arrears	24,179	16,070
Rent arrears as a percentage of gross rent income	1.2%	0.9%
Arrears written off during the year amounted to £0 (£0 in 2011/12).		

27. Pensions

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its employees, the authority offers retirement benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the authority has a commitment to make these payments. The Authority participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Douglas Borough Council in accordance with the Isle of Man Local Government Superannuation Scheme Regulations 2012. This is a defined benefit statutory scheme. The Authority and its employees pay contributions into the scheme and these contributions are calculated at a level intended to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.

During the financial year the cost of pensions contributions has been charged to the Income and Expenditure Account. The authority must also disclose its share of the assets and liabilities related to the scheme for its employees. The assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 31 March 2013 were valued by the Fund's actuaries, Hymans Robertson LLP, using the projected unit method, which assesses the future liabilities of the Scheme discounted to their present value. The main financial assumptions used in the calculations are:

Assumptions	31 March 2013	31 March 2012
	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of increase in pensions	2.8%	2.5%
Rate of increase in salaries	5.1%	4.8%
Rate of expected return on assets	5.0%	5.3%
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	4.5%	4.8%

The assets in the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and the asset categories are shown in the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme Accounts.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

27. Pensions (continued)

The fair value of the assets and liabilities held by the Authority within the Scheme are as follows:

Estimated employer assets	31 March 2013 £ 5,235,000	31 March 2012 £ 4,607,000
Present value of scheme liabilities	(7,257,000)	(6,307,000)
Net pensions liability	(2,022,000)	(1,700,000)
The following transactions have been made in the income and expenditu	re account during t	he year:
	2012/13	2011/12
Nick on and in a company 14	£	£
Net operating expenditure Expected return on employer assets	(245,000)	(202,000)
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(245,000) 304,000	(302,000) 338,000
	59,000	36,000
The net deficit on the scheme has increased from £1,700,000 to £ movement during the year is shown below: Net pension liability at the beginning of the year	2,022,000. An a 2012/13 £ 1,700,000	2011/12 £ 1,616,000
Current service cost	235,000	211,000
Employer contributions	(234,000)	(225,000)
Interest cost	304,000	338,000
Expected net return on employer assets	(245,000)	(302,000)
Actuarial losses	262,000	28,000
Loss on curtailment		34,000
Net pension liability at the end of the year	2,022,000	1,700,000
The fair value of the pension scheme assets at 31 March can be analysed	as follows:	
	2012/13	2011/12
Fauities	£	£
Equities Bonds	3,717,000	2,948,000
Property	1,047,000 419,000	1,152,000 415,000
Cash	52,000	92,000
Fair value of employer assets	5,235,000	4,607,000

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013)

27. Pensions (continued)

The breakdown of the expected return on net assets can be further broken down by category;

•	31 March	31 March
	2013	2012
	£	£
Breakdown of the expected return on assets by category		
Equities	5.7%	6.2%
Bonds	2.9%	3.3%
Property	3.9%	4.4%
Cash	3.0%	3.5%

The actuarial gains have been further analysed in the following table, measured as absolute amounts and as a percentage of assets or liabilities as at the end of the financial year:

The state of the s	0110 01 1110 11110111	orar jour.		
	2012/13		2011/12	
	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/ liabilities	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/ liabilities
Value of assets at end of year	5,235,000		4,607,000	naomacs
Total present value of liabilities	(7,257,000)		6,307,000)	
Difference between the actual and expected				
return on assets	345,000	6.6%	239,000	5.2%
Actuarial losses recognised in the statement	(262,000)	3.6%	(28,000)	0.4%

The above figures have been provided by the actuaries to the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme using information provided by the Scheme, and assumptions determined by the Authority in conjunction with the actuary. Actuarial calculations involve estimates based on assumptions about events and circumstances in the future, which may mean that the result of actuarial calculations could be affected by uncertainties within a range of possible values.

The net liability represents the difference between the value of the Authority's share of assets in the Scheme and the value of the future pension payments to which it was committed at that date. These pension liabilities will be paid out over a period of many years, during which time the assets will continue to generate returns towards funding them. Any significant changes in the global equity markets after 1 April 2013 would also have an impact on the capital value of the pension fund assets.

In addition, full details of the pension fund accounts can be obtained from Douglas Borough Council, Douglas, Isle of Man.

28. Prior year figures

The presentation of the impairment charges in respect of assets has been amended within both the General Revenue Account and Housing Revenue Account. There is no overall effect on the results or assets for the year.

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2013

jer me jeur ender es manen 2015		2013		2012
	£	£	£	£
Office administration and general expenses				
Rate collection costs	22,660		21,296	
Audit fees	10,253		10,988	
Internal audit fees	7,425		8,447	
Accountancy	15,414		13,729	
Legal expenses	2,395		8,385	
Election expenses	5,489		3,470	
Insurance	13,950		12,792	
Heat and light	27,846		23,485	
Printing, stationery, telephone and rent	51,968		45,677	
Caretaker's wages	19,961		20,451	
Salaries	491,095		503,577	
Pensions	124,052		121,862	
Staff training	4,269		2,839	
Fuel for vans	1,049		918	
Car travel allowances	347		466	
Depreciation	39,354		44,300	
Amortisation	6,281		12,562	
Doubtful debts	18,814		18,553	
		862,622		873,797
Fixed penalties	310		170	
Administration fee from Ramsey and Northern	310		170	
District Housing Committee	49,909		51 400	
District Housing Committee	49,909	(50.210)	51,428	(51,598)
		(50,219)		(31,390)
		812,403		822,199
Miscellaneous				······
Advertising	4,614		6,054	
Members' expenses	2,486		3,767	
Chairman's expenses	391		2,076	
Town band	1,000		1,000	
Municipal Sunday	880		904	
War memorial	998		1,907	
Incidental	3,153		5,495	
Town warden	16,668		15,444	
Bank charges	12,474		9,568	
Ramsey regeneration	5,939		2,500	
Amenity byelaw regulations	540		378	
Sundry	540		1,075	
Sundry		49,143		47,668
		ŕ		•
Incidental	1,895		4,106	
Search fees	9,120		12,635	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	4,623		-	
		(15,638)	<u></u>	(16,741)
		33,505		30,927

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2013

Housing & Property Housing	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Oil and electricity Restroom refurbishment Garage repairs	102,822 405 773	104,000	89,549 308 788	90,645
Heating charges Drying tokens Restroom hire Garage rents	100,985 766 869 2,704		80,877 732 465 3,737	
omage reme		(105,324)		(85,811)
		(1,324)		4,834
Workshops Maintenance and insurance		43,612		39,839
Town Hall				
Maintenance and insurance	59,279		81,807	
Income	(26,420)	32,859	(10,723)	71,084
Public Conveniences				
Contract cleaners Maintenance and insurance Cleaning materials	19,299 17,264 2,183		38,048 26,789 3,219	
Ç		38,746		68,056
Housing Revenue Account Surfeit Transferred Administration charge	19,554 135,591		10,324 135,591	
		(155,145)	<u> </u>	(145,915)
		(41,252)		37,898

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2013

Works and Development Amenities and services	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Foreshore, flags and deckchairs		1,330		2,702
Car Parks Operational costs	8,996		20,296	
Car parking spaces income	(12,881)	(3,885)	(13,595)	6,701
Refuse Wages Operational costs Leasing costs Depreciation	178,610 336,118 2,650 20,783		179,312 325,458 2,650 20,783	
Collection charges Sale of commercial refuse bins	538,161 (94,676) 		528,203 (89,382) (88) (89,470)	
Sewers and Pumps Wages Operational costs Depreciation	97,470 55,712 721	443,485	77,016 20,908 721	438,733
Government refund re sewer connections Administration fee	153,903 (253,384) (62,148)		98,645 (198,925) (58,384)	
	(315,532)		(257,309)	
		(161,629)		(158,664)
Carried forward		279,301		289,472

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2013

		2013		2012
Works and Development	£	£	£	£
Brought forward		279,301		289,472
Miscellaneous Seats, promenade shelters, street nameplates and town clocks maintenance Street and decorative lighting maintenance CCTV town area Grass cutting and tree limbing Property repairs private sector Depreciation	16,482 61,048 2,824 6,591 2,386 23,029		15,608 67,123 2,076 8,360 37,415 18,837	
	112,360		149,419	
Government grants re grass cutting and tree limbing	(7,278)		(9,197)	
	(7,278)	105,082	(9,197)	140,222
Parks and Leisure		384,383		429,694
Advertising and entertainment Publicity Seasonal entertaining and attractions Ramsey in Bloom	2,029 27,480 13,795 43,304		726 26,471 17,778 44,975	
Income Camper van permit income	(5,340) (516)		(4,482) (2,040)	
	(5,856)	37,448	(6,522)	38,453
Amenities and Services Mooragh Park amusements maintenance		17,634		11,295
Mooragh Park Gardens and Land Wages Maintenance Skate park Depreciation	181,256 56,865 2,214 34,941 275,276		185,843 77,307 1,496 37,109 301,755	
Income	(102)	275,174	(102)	301,653
Carried forward		330,256		351,401

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2013

Parks and Leisure Brought forward	£	2013 £ 330,256	£	2012 £ 351,401
Trading Concessions Rates, insurance and licences Courts and greens maintenance	5,512 12,926 ————————————————————————————————————		5,576 15,750 21,326	
Rents and rates	(29,518)	(11,080)	(61,350)	(40,024)
Swimming Pool Wages for grass cutting Rate contribution	307 16,018	16,325	1,191 15,109	16,300
Maintenance of Properties		16,652		15,985
Ramsey and Northern District Housing authority Wages etc. Income	13,818		7,230 (7,953)	
Library Salaries Repairs and maintenance Depreciation	80,298 23,951 34,958	(711)	79,325 21,946 34,261	(723)
Library for income	139,207		135,532	
Library fee income	(11,123)	128,084	(11,425)	124,107
		479,526		467,046