Statement of Accounts

For the year ended 31 March 2015

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Explanatory Foreword

Introduction

This Statement provides a summary of the Authority's financial performance for the year ended 31 March 2015. It has been prepared in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006.

The individual accounts within the Statement are as follows:

The **Income and Expenditure Account** reports the net cost for the year of all functions for which the Authority is responsible and how those costs are financed from income from local ratepayers and other income sources.

The Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance shows the surplus or deficit on the Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the General Fund in determining the movement on the General Fund Balance for the year.

The Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account is an account which independently records the costs of maintaining and managing the Authority's own housing stock and how these costs are met by rent payers, and other income.

The Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance shows the surplus or deficit on the Housing Income and Expenditure Account adjusted for the additional amounts which are required by statute and non-statutory proper practices to be charged or credited to the Housing Account in determining the movement on the Housing Account for the year.

The **Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses** shows all gains and losses recognised by the Authority during the year which are not reflected in operating performance within the Income and Expenditure Account.

The Balance Sheet sets out the financial position of the Authority at the end of the year.

The Cash Flow Statement summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from the Authority's transactions with third parties during the year.

The General Rate Fund shows the transactions of the Authority as a charging authority in respect of rates income.

This section provides a summary review of performance during the year and of key areas which impact the Authority's financial position.

Income and Expenditure Account

The Income and Expenditure Account covers the day to day running costs of the Authority's services, with the exception of Authority housing which is contained within the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account.

Net expenditure is met from the following sources:

- Income from the General Rate Fund
- Income from social housing
- Miscellaneous income

Explanatory Foreword (continued)

Income and Expenditure Account (continued)

The income and expenditure account for the year shows a surplus of £334,822 (2014 restated: £339,559) however once the other movements on the general fund have been taken into account, as detailed below, the results show an overall deficit of £66,413 (2014 surplus: £150,918).

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

This relates to amounts which are included in the income and expenditure account but do not relate to the general fund, and items excluded from the income and expenditure account which relates to the general fund.

Primarily the movements relate to the depreciation cost in the year, impairment of fixed assets, income and expenditure on other funds, movement on the pension liability, gains or losses on sale of fixed assets and the inclusion of capital repayments on loans and finance leases which are met by the general fund.

Housing Revenue Account

The Housing Revenue Account shows the income and expenditure on Authority housing. For the year ended 31 March 2015, the deficiency requirement amounted to £1,182,965 (2014: £1,254,672).

Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in the year was £1,156,501 (2014: £468,564).

General Rate Fund

The general rate income due and collected by the Authority is shown in the General Rate Fund. Rates were levied at 348p (2014: 348p) in the £ on an average rateable value of £687,741 (2014: £686,262) during the year.

Pensions Liability

The SORP requires the Authority to disclose certain information within its Financial Statements. Included within that information, and included in note 27, is the net liability on the Isle of Man Local Government Superannuation Scheme that is attributable to Ramsey Town Commissioners.

This is the difference between future liabilities and assets, as valued at 31 March 2015 and amounts to £3,885,000 (2014: £2,985,000). This increase is primarily as a result of a fall in real bond yields, although this has been partially offset by strong asset returns.

Investments and Borrowing

The Authority borrowed £754,042 (2014: £ Nil) during the year to finance capital expenditure.

Reserves

The Authority has decreased its general fund reserves from £1,681,385 in 2014 to £1,614,972 at 31 March 2015. These resources are retained to cover planned and potential expenditure, including support of the capital programme, debt repayment and as a buffer against anticipated financial risks.

Statement of Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain land and buildings, and in accordance with United Kingdom generally accepted accounting principles.

The accounts have been drawn up in accordance with the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP") issued by Treasury, except as disclosed below. This SORP is recognised under the Audit Act 2006 and the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2013 as representing proper accounting practices. Key principles are set out below.

Tangible fixed assets

Recognition

Expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of fixed assets has been capitalised on an accruals basis. Capital expenditure incurred on fixed assets that does not materially add to the value of those assets is written off. Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and included in the balance sheet except for leases that are in secondary rental periods, where there are no future obligations of material significance.

Assets obtained under operating leases are not included in the Balance Sheet; annual rentals are charged to revenue and transactions are disclosed as a note to the accounts. Operational assets are those used by the Authority in the delivery of services or in pursuit of its strategic or service objectives. Non-operational assets are those held but not directly occupied, used or consumed for those purposes. Assets under the course of construction are included at cost and consist of properties under construction.

Valuations

The SORP requires the dwellings and other land and buildings to be held at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use.

Operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value in existing use. In the case of vehicles, office furniture and plant and equipment, historical costs have been used as a proxy for these values; as inflation is low, prices will not vary significantly over the estimated life of the assets while the Authority depreciates them on a prudent basis using conservative estimates of working lives. As a consequence, the use of historical costs rather than values for these items will not result in a material difference in the Accounts.

Assets classified as 'assets under construction', are initially measured at cost in accordance with the SORP, and consist of costs which are directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use. Subsequently, when the asset has been completed, the SORP requires that the cost is transferred to the appropriate asset category at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realizable value in existing use, with depreciation calculated and applied on this amount.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Valuations (continued)

Infrastructure assets and community assets are included in the Balance Sheet at historical cost (net of depreciation where appropriate); if this could not be ascertained, a nominal value has been used. There is no material effect on the Accounts.

Non-operational assets have been valued at the lower of net current replacement cost or net realisable value.

Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible fixed assets are fixed assets that do not have physical substance but which are identifiable and where future economic benefits will be received by the Authority through custody or legal rights (e.g software licences). Purchased intangibles are capitalised at cost on an accruals basis and amortised to the Income and Expenditure Account over a 5 year period.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life. In the previous year, no depreciation was applied to the buildings element of the dwellings and other buildings, which is contrary to the accounting treatment required by the SORP. Where depreciation is provided for, assets are being depreciated by applying the straight line method to Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting their estimated useful lives. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the lease period if this is shorter than their estimated useful life.

Impairment

The value at which each category of assets is included in the Balance Sheet is reviewed at the end of each year: where values have changed materially in the period, the valuations are adjusted to reflect the change. Where a major change in asset values is due to a consumption of economic benefits (such as physical damage), the impairment loss is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account. Other impairments are recognised in the Revaluation Reserve.

Disposals

Income from the disposal of fixed assets is accounted for on an accruals basis. Capital receipts are held in the Usable Capital Receipts Reserve until such time as they are used to finance other capital expenditure, when they are credited to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Deferred Liabilities

Leases are recorded as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the leased asset transfer to the Authority. Rentals payable are apportioned between the cost of acquisition of the interest in the asset and finance cost which is charged to revenue. The liability is recognised in the balance sheet at the start of the lease and written down as rentals become payable. Further details of the treatment of leased assets are given in relevant sections of this statement.

Housing Deficiency

Housing deficiency is accounted for on an accruals basis and represents an amount due in respect of the shortfall in housing income over housing receipts in the year in accordance with the housing deficiency scheme operated by the Department of Social Care.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Accruals of income and expenditure

The capital and revenue accounts of the Authority are maintained on an accruals basis: activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Fees, charges and rents due from tenants are accounted for as income at the date the Authority provides the relevant goods or services.
- Employee costs are charged as expenditure when they are due rather than paid, including any arrears of pay or pay awards.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption; they are carried as stocks on the balance sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as works in progress on the balance sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as work in progress on the balance sheet.
- Interest payable and receivable on borrowings is accounted for in the year to which it relates, on a basis that reflects the overall effect of the loan or investment.
- Where income and expenditure has been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a
 debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the balance sheet. Where it is doubtful that
 debts will be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the
 income that might not be collected.
- Income and expenditure are credited and debited to the relevant account, unless they properly represent capital receipts or capital expenditure. These accruals are largely based on known commitments and can be assessed accurately. Where estimates are made, they are based on historical records, precedence and officers' knowledge and experience. In all cases the Authority adopts a prudent approach to avoid overstating its resources.

Value Added Tax

Value Added Tax is included in income and expenditure accounts, whether of a capital or revenue nature, only to the extent that it is irrecoverable.

Overheads

The costs of service management and support services have been fully charged or allocated to service and trading accounts either in relation to the time spent on each revenue service or capital scheme or in proportion to transactions processed for those accounts.

Pension costs

Pension arrangements for Authority employees are handled by the Isle of Man Local Government Superannuation Scheme, which is a funded, defined benefit scheme. The Accounting Policies of the Scheme are those recommended by the SORP and its annual reports are prepared in accordance with the Pensions SORP.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Pension costs (continued)

The pension cost has been assessed by the Fund's actuary based on triennial valuations, the 2014/15 contributions being based on the results of the review as at 31 March 2013. These contributions are charged to the Accounts in accordance with statutory requirements. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the assets and liabilities arising from an employer's retirement benefit obligations and any related funding are reflected at fair value. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to employees are recognised in the accounting period(s) in which the benefits are earned by the employees, and the related finance costs and any other changes in value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the accounting periods in which they arise; and the financial statements contain adequate disclosure of the cost of providing retirement benefits and the related gains, losses, assets and liabilities.

Reserves

Reserves include earmarked reserves set aside for specific policy purposes and balances which represent resources set aside for purposes such as general contingencies and cash flow management. The Authority maintains the following significant reserves:

- General fund: set up to act as a buffer against the potential risks of increased expenditure to be charged to future years' Accounts and to assist in organisational development.
- Usable capital receipts reserve: these are amounts of capital receipts received to be used to finance future capital expenditure.
- Housing repairs account: representing the unspent allowance for repairs on the Commissioner's housing stock.

The following account has been set up as an earmarked reserve:

• **Heating reserve:** surplus funds from the supply of heating to the housing residents.

The following accounts have been established in accordance with the capital accounting provisions. They are not fully backed by cash, nor generally available to finance expenditure.

- Revaluation Reserve: representing principally the balance of the surpluses or deficits arising on the periodic revaluation of fixed assets.
- Capital adjustment account: amounts set aside from capital receipts or revenue resources to
 finance expenditure on fixed assets or for the repayment of external loans and certain other
 capital financing transactions.
- **Pension reserve:** amounts to match liability in respect of the Commissioners' share of the Isle of Man Local Authority Superannuation Scheme.

Statement of Accounting Policies (continued)

Provisions

The Authority maintains provisions for bad and doubtful debts, which are held against its arrears of major income sources.

Events after the balance sheet date

Post balance sheet events, whether favourable or unfavourable, that affect the conditions existing at the balance sheet date are adjusted in the Accounts and disclosures. For events occurring after the balance sheet date relating to conditions that arose after that date, adjustments are not made in the Accounts but details are disclosed in a note to the balance sheet. These principles apply up to the date when the Accounts are authorised for issue.

Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts

The Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs through the appointment of a Responsible Financial Officer;
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets; and
- approve the Statement of Accounts.

The Responsible Financial Officer's responsibilities

The Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the Isle of Man Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 on accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer should:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent; and
- comply with the SORP.

The Responsible Financial Officer should also:

- keep proper accounting records which were up to date; and
- take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Responsible Financial Officer should sign and date the statement of accounts, stating that it presents fairly the financial position of the body at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Statement of Internal Control

Introduction

Regulation 9 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2013 requires the Authority to conduct a review at least once a year of the effectiveness of its systems of internal control and include a statement on internal control within the Authority's statement of accounts.

This statement is made by Ramsey Town Commissioners to the Isle of Man Government Treasury in accordance with the requirements of the Isle of Man Government's Corporate Governance Principles and Code of Conduct ("the Code").

Responsibilities of the Board and the Responsible Financial Officer

The Board controls strategy, policy and key financial and operational matters within the Authority. In addition, it is the Board's responsibility to ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

The Board is responsible for implementing and maintaining systems of internal control and corporate governance which:

- ensure compliance with legislation and other regulations;
- safeguard public money, ensure that it is properly accounted for and that it is used economically, efficiently and effectively; and
- support the achievement of the strategy, policies, aims and objectives approved by the Board.

In discharging this responsibility, the Board works with senior officers to put in place arrangements for the governance of the Authority's affairs and the stewardship of resources, in accordance with the Code.

Internal control and corporate governance environment

The Authority's systems of internal control and corporate governance have been developed through an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The following are considered to be key aspects of the internal control and corporate governance environment:

Board meetings

The Board meets monthly and consists of a Chairman and 11 other Board members. The Board receive reports from the Authority's Officers on operational matters and ensure that the work of the Responsible Financial Officer and other senior officers supports the strategy and policy approved by the Board.

Review of internal control and corporate governance environment

The effectiveness of the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements is continuously assessed by the work of management and the Board.

Further evidence as to the effectiveness of internal controls and corporate governance arrangements is provided by reports issued during the year by the internal auditors.

Statement of Internal Control (continued)

Report on internal control and corporate governance environment

Attention is drawn to the fact that systems of internal control and corporate governance are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve objectives. They can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance. Accordingly, reasonable assurance is given that, except for the matters listed below, the Authority's internal control and corporate governance arrangements are adequate and operate effectively during the year ended 31 March 2015.

The following improvements have been identified by the internal auditors to address internal control weaknesses:

- Business continuity plans
- Visitors book

(Signed) Political Company (Signed)	(Signed) SOOBW
(Chairman)	(Responsible Finance Officer)
(Dated) 2194-0CLdDG 2015	

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF RAMSEY TOWN COMMISSIONERS

We have audited the financial statements of Ramsey Town Commissioners for the year ended 31 March 2015 which comprise the statement of accounting policies, the income and expenditure account, the statement of the movement on the general fund balance, the housing revenue income and expenditure account, the statement of the movement on the housing revenue account balance, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement, the general rate fund and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Statement of Recommended Practice 2007 Accounting for entities subject to the Audit Act 2006 ("the SORP").

This report is made solely to the authority's Commissioners, as a body, in accordance with section 6 of the Audit Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the authority's Commissioners, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the authority and the authority's Commissioners, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Responsible Financial Officer and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts, the Responsible Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, including the financial statements, which give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accountancy policies are appropriate to the authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Responsible Financial Officer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE COMMISSIONERS OF RAMSEY TOWN COMMISSIONERS

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the authority's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the SORP; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2013 made under the Audit Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Charles Charles

Except for the effect on the financial statements of the matters referred to in the basis for qualified opinion, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the section 4 of the Audit Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the financial statements do not comply with the regulations made under section 12 of the Act and any directions under section 13; or
- expenditure or income or any other transaction effected by or on account of the authority is or will be contrary to law; or
- the internal organisation of the authority and the controls maintained by it are not sufficient as to secure proper management of the finances of the authority and economy and efficiency in the use of its resources.

Grant Thornton Limited Chartered Accountants

Douglas
Isle of Man

Date 28 Odsber 2011.

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2015

	2014/15 Gross Expenditure	2014/15 Gross Income	2014/15 Net Expenditure	2013/14 Net Expenditure restated
	£	£	£	£
Continuing operations: Office administration & Office expenses Miscellaneous properties Housing & Property Works & Development Parks & Leisure Housing Income & Expenditure Account	865,058 51,170 297,064 863,036 498,713 1,832,900	52,291 22,033 257,958 211,451 74,418 3,949,032	812,767 29,137 39,106 651,585 424,295 (2,116,132)	870,661 25,914 15,190 566,800 442,802 (2,103,195)
Housing reserve account	10,205	3,747,03 <i>m</i>	10,205	(2,103,173)
Current service cost adjustment re: pensions	90,000	-	90,000	34,000
Net cost of services	4,508,146	4,567,183	(59,037)	(147,828)
Interest payable and similar charges Interest and investment income Pensions interest cost & return on pension assets			1,957,714 (1,944) 45,000	2,020,212 (2,989) 65,000
Net operating expenditure			1,941,733	1,934,395
Sources of finance				
Income from the General Rate Fund			2,276,555	2,273,954
Net surplus for the year			334,822	339,559

Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year ended 31 March 2015

for the year ended 31 March 2015	2014/15	2013/14
	£	restated £
Surplus for the year on the income and expenditure account	334,822	339,559
Amounts included in the Income and Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets Net charges made for retirement benefits Profit on sale of fixed assets	236,004 135,000	233,194 99,000 (7,600)
Amounts not included in the Income and Expenditure Account but required to be included by statute when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Loans funds principal repayments Finance lease capital repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund	(179,835) (58,046) (219,167)	(111,388) (58,046) (84,788)
Transfers to or from the General Fund Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the General Fund Balance for the year		
Transfer from/(to) heating reserve Transfer from/(to) housing revenue account Transfer from/(to) housing reserve Transfer from/(to) usable capital receipts reserve Transfer from/(to) Capital Adjustment account	(1,936) (355,962) 10,044 (31) 32,694 (66,413)	(7,396) (281,824) (124) (50) 30,381 ————————————————————————————————————
General Fund Balance brought forward	1,681,385	1,530,467
General Fund Balance carried forward	1,614,972	1,681,385

Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2015

•	2014/15 £	2014/15 £	2013/14 £	2013/14 £
Income Dwelling rents Contributions towards expenditure including	2,349,753		2,259,689	
Housing Deficiency Payments Any other income	1,182,965 416,314		1,254,672 372,932	
Total income	***************************************	3,949,032		3,887,293
Expenditure Repairs and maintenance Supervision & management Rent, rates, taxes and other charges Depreciation Impairment of fixed assets Bad debt provision	544,000 135,591 401,642 735,830 15,837		542,084 135,591 372,932 734,144 (10,884) 10,231	
		(1,832,900)		(1,784,098)
Net cost of HRA services as included in the whole authority income and expenditure account		2,116,132		2,103,195
Interest payable and similar charges Interest income		(1,760,170)		(1,822,251) 880
Surplus for the year on HRA services		355,962		281,824

Statement of the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year ended 31 March 2015

Surplus for the year on the HRA income and expenditure account 355,962 Amounts included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance Depreciation & impairment of fixed assets 735,830 Impairment provision	2013/14 £	2014/15 £	for the year enaea 31 March 2013
Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance Depreciation & impairment of fixed assets Impairment provision Amounts not included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Loan funds principal repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Transfers to housing maintenance account (42,948) (15,837) Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (8) Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (5)	281,824		
Amounts not included in the Housing Revenue Income and Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Loan funds principal repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Transfers to housing maintenance account (42,948) (15,837) Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (86 Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (57)			Expenditure account but required by statute to be excluded when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue
Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Loan funds principal repayments Capital expenditure met by general fund Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Transfers to housing maintenance account Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (8) Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (5) Prior year adjustment (note 28)	734,144 (10,884	735,830	
Transfers to or from the Housing Revenue Account Balance that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Transfers to housing maintenance account (42,948) (15,837) Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) Prior year adjustment (note 28)			Expenditure Account but required by statute to be included when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue
that are required to be taken into account when determining the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Balance for the year Transfers to housing maintenance account (42,948) (15,837) Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) Prior year adjustment (note 28)	(961,914		
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Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward (9,075) Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward (24,912) Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (52) Prior year adjustment (note 28)	(42,620)	(42,948)	Transfers to housing maintenance account
Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Total recognised gains and losses for the year Prior year adjustment (note 28) (24,912) 2014/15 2014	550	(15,837)	
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2015 2014/15 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (80 Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (57 Prior year adjustment (note 28)	(9,625)	(9,075)	Housing Revenue Account Balance brought forward
for the year ended 31 March 2015 2014/15 2 Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) Prior year adjustment (note 28) 2014/15 2 2014/15 2 3 34,822 3 35 36 37 38 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	(9,075	(24,912)	Housing Revenue Account Balance carried forward
Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year 334,822 3 Revaluation gains in the period 154,000 Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (80 Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (52 Prior year adjustment (note 28) 1,341,369			
Revaluation gains in the period Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities Total recognised gains and losses for the year Prior year adjustment (note 28) 334,822 334,822 334,822 334,822 334,822 334,822 348,000 (869,000) (876,178) (579,178)	2013/14 restated	2014/15	,
Actuarial losses on pension fund assets & liabilities (765,000) (86 Total recognised gains and losses for the year (276,178) (52 Prior year adjustment (note 28) 1,341,369	£ 339,559		Surplus on the income and expenditure account for the year
Prior year adjustment (note 28) 1,341,369	70 (864,000)	•	
	(524,371)	(276,178)	Total recognised gains and losses for the year
Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report 1,065,191 (5%)	_	1,341,369	Prior year adjustment (note 28)
	(524,371)	1,065,191	Total gains and losses recognised since last annual report

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2015 £	2014 £	2014 £
Fixed assets		&-	&	restated	restated
Tangible fixed assets	1				
Operational assets					
Dwellings	1/5	50,441,298		51,171,626	
Other land & buildings	1	7,924,540		7,745,270	
Vehicles, plant, furniture & Equipment Infrastructure assets	1 1	402,272 79,751		441,737 69,826	
Community assets	1	79,751		09,620	
Community associa	1		58,847,861		59,428,459
Non-operational assets					, ,
Assets under construction	1	1,255,760		333,051	
Investment properties	1	1,206,000		1,206,000	
			2,461,760		1,539,051
Intangible assets	6		-		6,281
Long term debtor	9/28		1,276,573		1,310,755
			62,586,194		62,284,546
Current assets			,,		, ,
Debtors	9	566,104		538,712	
Cash at bank	13	688,447		1,677,444	
		1,254,551		2,216,156	
Current liabilities		<u></u>			
Short-term borrowing	15	1,270,297		1,151,008	
Finance lease liability	16	28,950		58,046	
Creditors	10	159,795		202,842	
Bank overdraft		149,298		844,243	
		1,608,340		2,256,139	
Net current liabilities		***************************************	(353,789)		(39,983)
Total assets less current liabilities			62,232,405		62,244,563
Long-term liabilities					
Long-term borrowing	15	36,272,098		36,879,128	
Pension liability	27	3,885,000		2,985,000	
Finance lease liability	16	57,900	40.214.000	86,850	ኃስ ስደስ ስሟሳ
			40,214,998		39,950,978
Total assets less liabilities			22,017,407		22,293,585

Balance Sheet (continued)

As at 31 March 2015

		2015	2014 restated
Financed by:		£	£
Revaluation reserve	12	11,089,190	11,111,305
Capital adjustment account	12	12,916,951	12,223,635
Usable capital receipts reserve	12	31,090	31,059
Pension reserve	12	(3,885,000)	(2,985,000)
Heating reserve	12	51,612	49,676
General fund	12	1,614,972	1,681,385
Housing repairs account	12	223,504	190,600
Housing account	12	(24,912)	(9,075)
		22,017,407	22,293,585

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Authority on 285005000 and were signed on their behalf by:

Chairman Paletie

Responsible Finance Officer

Stoobiu

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015 Revenue activities Cash outflows	£	2014/15 £	£	2013/14 £
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees Other operating cash payments	1,450,518 2,017,651		1,480,361 1,737,006	
Cash inflows Rents (after rebates)	2,420,348	(3,468,169)	2,397,575	(3,217,367)
Rate receipts Revenue support grant Cash received for goods and services	2,407,769 1,143,422 861,986	6,833,525	2,115,814 1,233,648 870,295	6,617,332
Net cash inflow from revenue activities		3,365,356		3,399,965
Returns on Investments and servicing				
of finance Cash outflows				
Interest paid Cash inflows	(1,959,065)		(2,019,121)	
Interest received	1,945		2,990	
Net servicing of finance		(1,957,120)		(2,016,131)
Capital activities				
Cash outflows Purchase of fixed assets Cash inflows	(1,156,501)		(468,564)	
Sale of fixed assets		(1,156,501)	7,600	(460,964)
Net cash inflow before financing		251,735		922,870
Management of liquid resources Net decrease/(increase) in short term deposits	1,020,000	1,020,000	(434,634)	(434,634)
Financing Cash outflows				
Repayments of amounts borrowed Capital element of finance lease rental Repayment of bonds	(1,232,783) (58,046) (9,000)	(1.000.000)	(1,073,302) (58,046) (57,200)	(1.100.540)
Cash inflows New loans raised	754,042	(1,299,829)		(1,188,548)
Finance lease taken out	-	754,042	144,750	144,750
		(545,787)		(1,043,798)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash		725,948		(555,562)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 March 2015

1. Reconciliation of net surplus to	net cash inflow from	revenue activiti	ies	
•		2014/15		2013/14
				restated
		£		£
Net surplus		334,822		339,559
Depreciation		965,554		961,057
Amortisation		6,281		6,281
Impairment of assets		-		(10,884)
Appropriations to pension reserve		135,000		99,000
Interest paid		1,959,065		2,019,121
Interest received		(1,945)		(2,990)
Profit on sale of fixed assets		_		(7,600)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		6,790		(21,102)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors		(40,211)		17,253
Net cash inflow from revenue activit	ies	3,365,356		3,399,965
2. Reconciliation of the movement	in net debt	2014/15	2014/15	2012/14
		2014/15	2014/15	2013/14
		£	£	£
Net debt at 1 April			(37,341,831)	(38,264,771)
Movement in net debt:				
Increase /(decrease) in cash in the pe		725,948		(555,562)
(Outflow) from increase/(decrease)		487,741		1,130,572
(Outflow)/inflow from movement in		(1,020,000)		434,634
(Outflow)/inflow from movement in	finance leases	58,046		(86,704)
			251,735	922,940
Net debt at 31 March			(37,090,096)	(37,341,831)
3. Reconciliation of financing and a	management of liquid	l resources		
-	Balance at		Non	Balance at
	31 March	Cash	Cash	31 March
	2014	movement	movement	2015
	£	£	£	£
Cash in hand	230,444	31,003	-	261,447
Overdraft	(844,243)	694,945	•	(149,298)
	(613,799)	725,948	-	112,149
Short term investments	1,447,000	(1,020,000)	-	427,000
Net debt:				
Due within one year	(1,151,008)	1,232,783	(1,352,072)	(1,270,297)
Due after one year	(36,879,128)	(745,042)	1,352,072	(36,272,098)
Finance lease	(30,879,128)	58,042)	1,004,014	
i mance rease	(144,070)	20,040	······································	(86,850)
Total net debt	(37,341,831)	251,735	-	(37,090,096)

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

4. Government Grants

The revenue support grants detailed above relate to Housing Deficiency received from the Department of Social Care and also receipts in receipt of apprentice training.

5. Liquid resources

Within liquid resources the Authority includes any increase or decrease in cash held on deposit held with the Isle of Man bank that cannot be accessed within 24 hours.

General Rate Fund as at 31 March 2015

	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
Total rates levied for the year		2,392,232		2,384,263
Add: Due from Treasury re prior year Arrears brought forward	219,914 141,065		87,066 134,872	
Less: Discounts Exempt and unoccupied properties Refunds Collection charge Write off	(80,293) (34,773) (611) (21,904) (612)	360,979	(80,997) (25,858) (3,454) (21,971) 2,872	221,938
Total rates collectable		(138,193) 2,615,018		2,476,793
Rates received in the year:				
Current year rates Arrears collected Balance from Treasury re previous year	2,145,820 42,035 219,914		1,975,199 53,549 87,066	
Total rates received in the year		2,407,769		2,115,814
Balances outstanding carried forward:				
Due from Treasury re current year Arrears - current year - previous years	50,438 58,394 98,417		219,914 56,870 84,195	
		207,249		360,979
		2,615,018		2,476,793

Notes to the financial statements

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

1. Tangible fixed assets

	Dwellings	Other Land and Buildings £	Motor Vehicles Plant and Equipment £	Infra- structure assets £	Community Assets	Total £
Cost/Value At 31 March 2014	51,901,953	7,830,000	2,001,757	415,434	160,745	62,309,889
Additions in the	,,	, ,	, ,	•	200,7.10	
year Revaluation	-	110,000 140,000	92,986	27,970		230,956 140,000
At 31 March 2015	51,901,953	8,080,000	2,094,743	443,404	160,745	62,680,845
Depreciation						
At 31 March 2014	730,327	84,730	1,560,020	345,608	160,745	2,881,430
Charge for the year Revaluation in the	730,328	84,730	132,451	18,045	-	965,554
year year		(14,000)		-	-	(14,000)
At 31 March 2015	1,460,655	155,460	1,692,471	363,653	160,745	3,832,984
Net book value						
At 31 March 2015	50,441,298	7,924,540	402,272	79,751		58,847,861
At 31 March 2014	51,171,626	7,745,270	441,737	69,826	***	59,428,459

Included within Vehicles, plant and equipment above, is one vehicle which is held on finance lease (2014: 2 vehicles). The cost of these assets are £144,750 (2014: £290,230), to which £20,679 (2014: £41,462) of depreciation has been attributed in the year.

Cost/valuation

	Assets under Construction \pounds	Investment Properties £	Total £
At 31 March 2014	333,051	1,206,000	1,539,051
Additions in the year	922,709	-	922,709
At 31 March 2015	1,255,760	1,206,000	2,461,760

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

1. Tangible fixed assets - continued

Valuation of fixed assets

The Authority plans to revalue its fixed assets every five years. Valuations were carried out by Chrystals Commercial Chartered Surveyors, the Authority's external Valuer as at 31 March 2013. In addition, Chris Heginbotham FRICS has valued the new land and existing Commissioners workshops as at 31 March 2015.

The basis for valuation is set out in the statement of accounting policies. Assets were valued at that date as follows:

Volume de ma	Land & dwellings	Other land & buildings	Community assets	Infra- structure assets £	Vehicles plant and equipment £	Non- Operation- al assets £	Total £
Valued at historical cost Valued at current value	-	110,000	160,745	443,404	2,094,743	1,255,760	4,064,652
in use 2014/15	51,901,953	7,970,000	*	-	-	1,206,000	61,077,953
	51,901,953	8,080,000	160,745	443,404	2,094,743	2,461,760	65,142,605
2. Assets held				_	-		
Operational asse	ts		Nur 31 Marc	nber at h 2014	Changes 2014/15	Numb 31 March	
Dwellings			5	558	(11)		547
Other Land and Car parks Depots Public Convenien Public Offices Recreational prop Miscellaneous pro	ces erties			4 2 4 1 3 4	- - - -		4 2 4 1 3 4
Vehicles, Plant at Vehicles	nd Equipment	t		19	-		19
Community Asse Parks and open sp				2	-		2
Non-Operational Commercial prope				4	-		4

Noes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

3. Depreciation methodologies

Depreciation is provided on all assets with a finite useful life. Depreciation is calculated, using the straight line method, on Balance Sheet values over periods reflecting the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Dwellings (inc. associated Housing Revenue	
Account assets)	15-50
Vehicles, Plant & Equipment	7
Infrastructure Assets	7
Community Assets	7

4. Housing fixed assets

The dwellings consist of the Authority's housing stock.

5. Housing stock

The housing stock of dwellings at 31 March was made up as follows:

	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Houses & bungalows	376	379
Flats & maisonettes	171	179
	547	558
		
Changes in the net book value of housing stock are detailed below:		
	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Stock at 1 April 2014	51,171,626	51,753,446
Additions	-	-
Transfers	•	148,507
Depreciation	(730,328)	(730,327)
Stock at 31 March 2015	50,441,298	51,171,626

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

6. Intangible Fixed Assets

These represent software items which are amortised over 5 years

	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014
Cost	£	£
At 1 April 2014	31,405	31,405
Additions in the year	-	-
Amortisation as at 31 March 2015	(31,405)	(25,124)
Net book value as at 31 March 2015	-	6,281
Net book value as at 31 March 2015	<u>-</u>	6,2

During the year, amortisation charges amounted to £6,281 (2014: £6,281).

7. Capital expenditure and financing

	2014/15 £	2013/14 £
Capital investment Operational assets Non-operational assets	230,956 922,709	229,538 239,026
	1,153,665	468,564

This capital expenditure has been financed by bank borrowings and also contributions from revenue.

8. Capital commitments

The estimated commitments for capital expenditure that had started, or legal contracts entered into, by 31 March 2015 are listed below:

	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014
	£	£
Housing	188,093	27,489

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

9. Debtors

Long Term Debtor

An amount of £1,308,675 (2014 restated: £1,341,369) is due from Manx Utilities Authority, of which £1,274,493 (2014 restated:£1,308,695) is due after more than one year. £34,182 (2014 restated:£32,694) is shown as due within one year below within sundry debtors.

In addition, long term debtors of £2,080 (2014: £2,080) relates to amounts due after one year relating to property repairs carried out on behalf of a tenant, to be repaid to the Authority. A provision of £10,965 (2014: £11,275) has been made against this debt.

Debtors due within one year

	2015	2014
		restated
	£	£
Amounts falling due in one year (net of bad debt provisions):		
Government departments	138,771	262,813
Other local authorities	53,178	821
Ratepayers	38,811	37,958
Housing rents	22,901	18,254
Sundry debtors	112,228	135,857
Value Added Tax	200,215	83,009
	566,104	538,712

Debtors balances are shown net of provisions for bad or doubtful debts. Details of these provisions are given at note 11.

10. Creditors

2015	2014
£	£
17,691	57,234
51,644	62,031
90,460	80,039
, <u>-</u>	3,538
159,795	202,842
2015	2014
£	£
118,000	103,107
75,129	64,684
193,129	167,791
	£ 17,691 51,644 90,460 159,795 2015 £ 118,000 75,129

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

12. Capital reserves and accounts

	Revaluation reserve £	Capital adjustment account	Usable capital receipts £	Pensions reserve £
Balance at 1 April 2014 (as previously stated)	11,111,305	10,882,266	31,059	(2,985,000)
Prior year adjustment (note 28)	-	1,341,369	-	
Net (deficit)/surplus for year Actuarial losses Balance at 31 March 2015	11,111,305 (22,115)	12,223,635 693,316	31,059	(2,985,000) (135,000) (765,000)
Balance at 31 Watch 2013	11,089,190	12,916,951	31,090	(3,885,000)
Revenue reserves				Housing
	Housing	General	Heating	repairs
	account £	Fund £	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Reserve} \\ \textbf{\pounds} \end{array}$	account £
Balance at 1 April 2014	(9,075)	1,681,385	49,676	190,600
Net (deficit)/surplus for year Transfers (to)/from other reserves	(15,837)	(66,413)	45 1,891	161 32,743
Balance at 31 March 2015	(24,912)	1,614,972	51,612	223,504

13. Cash at bank

The cash figure at 31 March 2015 was £688,447 (2014: £1,677,444). An analysis of the cash movements and the movement in net debt is provided in the cash flow statement and its notes on pages 19 to 21.

14. Analysis of net assets employed

	2015	2014
		restated
	£	£
General fund	4,177,925	5,563,309
Housing revenue account	17,839,482	16,730,276
	22,017,407	22,293,585

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

15. Borrowings

Loans outstanding are the amounts borrowed from external lenders at the balance sheet date. They may be analysed as follows:

	2015	2014
Analysis of loans by type:	£	£
Commercial loans	37,542,397	38,021,137
Local authority bonds		9,000
Total	37,542,397	38,030,137
Analysis of bonds and loans by maturity:		
Less than 1 year	1,270,297	1,151,008
Between 1 and 2 years	1,332,646	1,188,751
Between 2 and 5 years	4,361,739	3,933,696
Between 5 and 10 years	7,882,657	7,550,830
More than 10 years	22,695,056	24,205,852
Total outstanding	37,542,395	38,030,137

Loan security

The Authority has acquired financing through a number of fixed term loans from the Isle of Man Bank to fund long-term capital projects which is secured by a Letter of Comfort provided by Treasury. The fixed term loans are repayable quarterly, over periods between 10 and 30 years and interest is charged at fixed rates of between 4.83% and 6.11% per annum.

The Authority has taken out variable rate loans, interest being charge at Libor plus 1.25%. Again these loans are repayable quarterly and are secured by the Letter of Comfort provided by Treasury.

16. Finance Lease

The Authority holds the following value of assets under finance leases, accounted for as part of tangible fixed assets as below:

	Vehicles, plant and equipment £
Value at 1 April 2014 Additions	124,071
Depreciation	(20,679)
Value at 31 March 2015	103,392
	Water 1

Outstanding obligations to make payments under these finance leases (excluding finance costs) as at 31 March 2015, account for as deferred liabilities, are as follows:

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

16. Finance Lease (continued)

	Vehicles, plant and equipment
Obligations payable in 2015/16	£ 28,950
Obligations payable between 2016/17 and 2017/18	57,900
Total obligations payable	86,850

17. Members' allowances

During 2014/15 the Authority paid £2,123 (2013/14:£ 3,318) to its Members in respect of their attendance at meetings, undertaking duties and responsibilities.

18. Employees' remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, was £50,000 or more in bands of £25,000 was:

Remuneration Band	Total	2014/15 Number of Employees Leavers in year	Total	2013/14 Number of Employees Leavers in year	
£50,000 - £74,999	2	-	2	-	

19. Related party transactions

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties – bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence or to be controlled or influenced by the Authority. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Authority might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

Central Government - has a direct influence over the general operations of the Authority – it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Authority operates.

All Commissioners and officers of the Authority are asked to complete a disclosure statement in respect of themselves and their family members/close relatives, detailing any material transactions with related parties.

- Officers of the Authority no related party disclosures arose in relation to officers.
- Members of the Authority have direct control over the Authority's financial and operating policies.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

19. Related party transactions (continued)

Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee are related by virtue of common influence and by virtue of the provision of management support. During the year Ramsey and Northern Districts Housing Committee were charged £65,724 (2014: £61,595) in respect of administration charges and clerk's salary. At the year end there is a balance due to Ramsey Town Commissioners of £53,052 (2014: £821).

20. Audit fees

During 2014/15 the Authority incurred the following fees relating to external audit and inspection:

	2014/15 £	2013/14 £
Fees payable with regard to external audit services carried out by the appointed auditor	13,481	10,118

21. Total rateable value

The total rateable value at the year end was £687,741 (2014: £686,262) and rates were levied at 348p in the £ (2014:348p).

22. Statement of the Movement on the General Fund Balance

The Income and Expenditure account shows the Authority's actual financial performance for the year, measured in terms of the resources consumed and generated over the last twelve months. However, the authority raises rates on a different accounting basis, the main differences being:

- Capital investment is accounted for as it is financed, rather than when the fixed assets are consumed.
- Retirement benefits are charged as the amounts become payable to pension funds and pensioners, rather than as future benefits earned.

The General Fund Balance compares the Authority's spending against the rateable income that it raised for the year, taking into account the use of reserves built up in the past and contributions to funds and reserves. This reconciliation statement summarises the differences between the outturn on the Income and Expenditure Account and the General Fund Balance.

23. HRA capital expenditure

Capital expenditure on HRA land and buildings was financed as follows:

	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Borrowing	922,709	159,995

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

24. Gross rent income

Gross rent income is the total rent due for the year after voids, write-offs, refunds etc. Voids of £46,915 represent 1.99% of the rent due for the year, compared to 1.49% in 2013/14.

25. Housing deficiency grant

Housing deficiency grant is paid from central government to meet the shortfall which might be incurred by the Authority. The amount of deficiency receivable is shown as follows:

	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Deficiency receivable	1,182,965	1,254,672
26. Rent arrears		
	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Rent arrears	24,981	18,254
Rent arrears as a percentage of gross rent income	1.06%	0.78%

Arrears written off during the year amounted to £0 (£0 in 2013/14). A provision of £7,290 (2014:£4,057) has been made against doubtful rent debtors.

27. Pensions

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its employees, the authority offers retirement benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the authority has a commitment to make these payments. The Authority participates in the Local Government Superannuation Scheme administered by Douglas Borough Council in accordance with the Isle of Man Local Government Superannuation Scheme Regulations 2003. This is a defined benefit statutory scheme. The Authority and its employees pay contributions into the scheme and these contributions are calculated at a level intended to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.

During the financial year the cost of pensions contributions has been charged to the Income and Expenditure Account. The authority must also disclose its share of the assets and liabilities related to the scheme for its employees. The assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 31 March 2015 were valued by the Fund's actuaries, Hymans Robertson LLP, using the projected unit method, which assesses the future liabilities of the Scheme discounted to their present value. The main financial assumptions used in the calculations are:

Assumptions	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of increase in pensions	2.4%	2.8%
Rate of increase in salaries	3.8%	4.1%
Rate of expected return on assets	3.2%	5.8%
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	3.2%	4.3%

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

27. Pensions (continued)

The assets in the Isle of Man Government Pension Scheme are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and the asset categories are shown in the Isle of Man Government Superannuation Scheme Accounts.

The fair value of the assets and liabilities held by the Authority within the Scheme are as follows:

	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014
	${f \pounds}$	£
Estimated employer assets	6,485,000	5,715,000
Present value of scheme liabilities	(10,370,000)	(8,700,000)
		(5.00 5.000)
Net pensions liability	(3,885,000)	(2,985,000)

The following transactions have been made in the income and expenditure account during the year:

	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Net operating expenditure		
Expected return on employer assets	(331,000)	(261,000)
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	376,000	326,000
	45,000	65,000

The net deficit on the scheme has increased from £2,985,000 to £3,885,000. An analysis of the movement during the year is shown below:

	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Net pension liability at the beginning of the year	2,985,000	2,022,000
Current service cost	310,000	261,000
Employer contributions	(220,000)	(227,000)
Interest cost	376,000	326,000
Expected net return on employer assets	(331,000)	(261,000)
Actuarial losses	765,000	864,000
Net pension liability at the end of the year	3,885,000	2,985,000

The fair value of the pension scheme assets at 31 March can be analysed as follows:

The fair value of the pension scheme assets at 31 Water	2014/15	2013/14
	£	£
Equities	4,280,000	3,829,000
Bonds	1,167,000	1,029,000
Property	843,000	686,000
Cash	195,000	171,000
Fair value of employer assets	6,485,000	5,715,000
	-	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

(forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015)

27. Pensions (continued)

The breakdown of the expected return on net assets can be further broken down by category;

,	31 March	31 March
	2015	2014
	£	£
Breakdown of the expected return on assets by category		
Equities	3.2%	6.6%
Bonds	3.2%	3.5%
Property	3.2%	4.8%
Cash	3.2%	3.7%

The actuarial gains have been further analysed in the following table, measured as absolute amounts and as a percentage of assets or liabilities as at the end of the financial year:

as a percentage of assets of nationalists as at the	ona or the imane	mar your.		
	2014/15		2013/14	
	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/	£	Actuarial gain/loss as % of assets/
Value of assets at end of year Total present value of liabilities Difference between the actual and expected	6,485,000 (10,370,000)		5,715,000 (8,700,000)	
return on assets Actuarial losses recognised in the statement	458,000 (765,000)	7.0% 7.4%	94,000 (864,000)	1.6% 9.9%

The above figures have been provided by the actuaries to the Isle of Man Government Superannuation Scheme using information provided by the Scheme, and assumptions determined by the Authority in conjunction with the actuary. Actuarial calculations involve estimates based on assumptions about events and circumstances in the future, which may mean that the result of actuarial calculations could be affected by uncertainties within a range of possible values.

The net liability represents the difference between the value of the Authority's share of assets in the Scheme and the value of the future pension payments to which it was committed at that date. These pension liabilities will be paid out over a period of many years, during which time the assets will continue to generate returns towards funding them. Any significant changes in the global equity markets after I April 2015 would also have an impact on the capital value of the pension fund assets. In addition, full details of the pension fund accounts can be obtained from Douglas Borough Council, Douglas, Isle of Man.

28. Prior year adjustments

As disclosed in note 9 to the financial statements, long term debtors and debtors were previously incorrectly stated. An amount of £1,341,369 due to Ramsey Town Commissioners was omitted from the 2014 financial statements. This amount arose in respect of amounts due from Manx Utility Authority in relation to loans taken out by the Authority in earlier years.

The effect of this adjustment is to increase long term debtors by £1,308,675 and increase short term debtors by £32,694. This has increased net assets of the Commissioners (see note 9) by £1,341,369.

This has reduced the surplus within the income and expenditure account by £30,381 but increased the income in the Statement of Movement on the General Fund Balance but there is no change to the overall result for the year.

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2015

for me year chaca 31 March 2013		2015		2014
	£	£	£	£
Office administration and general expenses				
Rate collection costs	21,904		21,971	
Audit fees	13,481		10,117	
Internal audit fees	10,650		10,475	
Accountancy	13,859		15,266	
Legal expenses	1,229		11,296	
Insurance	11,839		12,733	
Heat and light	22,522		28,165	
Printing, stationery, telephone, rent	45,455		55,145	
Caretaker's wages	13,414		21,279	
Salaries	468,410		473,603	
Pensions	117,124		121,142	
Staff training	769		1,782	
Business continuity plan	21,984		-	
Fuel for vans	829		847	
Car travel allowances	445		598	
Depreciation	81,518		82,986	
Amortisation	6,281		6,281	
Doubtful debts	13,345		48,781	
		865,058		922,467
		,		
Fixed penalties	14		125	
Administration fee from Ramsey and Northern				
District Housing Committee	52,277		51,681	
		(52,291)		(51,806)
		812,767		870,661
Miscellaneous				
Advertising	4,952		4,621	
Members' expenses	2,123		3,318	
Chairman's expenses	973		330	
Town band	1,000		1,000	
Municipal Sunday	1,088		950	
War memorial	3,643		1,781	
Incidental	10,367		6,549	
Town warden	16,854		16,848	
Bank charges	9,385		9,010	
Ramsey regeneration	560		7,236	
Amenity byelaw regulations	225		46	
	 	51,170		51,689
Incidental	7,811		4,775	
Search fees	14,222		13,400	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	-		7,600	
		(22,033)		(25,775)
				A = A = 4
		29,137		25,914

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

Housing & Property	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
Housing Oil and electricity Restroom refurbishment Garage repairs	77,129 8 710		96,072 135 1,734	
Heating charges Drying tokens Restroom hire Garage rents	81,520 645 1,188 2,313	77,847	100,427 405 1,464 2,759	97,941
Outage rones	2,313	(85,666)	2,739	(105,055)
		(7,819)		(7,114)
Workshops Maintenance and insurance Depreciation	49,796 7,000	56,796	47,060 7,000	54,060
Town Hall Maintenance and insurance	91,251	91,251	77,427	77,427
Income Registry office income	(27,294) (9,407)	(36,701)	(23,706)	(23,706)
Public Conveniences Contract cleaners Maintenance and insurance Cleaning materials Depreciation	16,108 36,771 2,601 15,690	71,170	19,306 26,989 2,413 15,690	64,398
Housing Revenue Account Surfeit Transferred Administration charge	135,591	(135,591)	14,284 135,591	(149,875)
		39,106		15,190

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

		2015		2014
	£	£	restated £	restated £
Works and Development Amenities and services Foreshore, flags and deckchairs		2,522		2,311
Car Parks				
Operational costs Depreciation	9,760 2,300		13,655 2,300	
	12,060		15,955	
Car parking spaces income	(12,085)	(25)	(12,852)	3,103
Refuse				
Wages	186,619		174,636	
Operational costs Leasing costs	490,084 2,650		438,973 4,050	
Depreciation	44,745		42,182	
	724,098		659,841	
Collection charges Sale of commercial refuse bins	(119,507)		(108,962) (30)	
	(119,507)		(108,992)	
	***************************************	604,591	•	550,849
Sewers and Pumps Wages			1,745	
Operational costs	60		4,285	
	60		6,030	
Government refund re sewer connections Administration fee	(72,537)		(79,880) (1)	
	(72,537)		(79,881)	
	***************************************	(72,477)		(73,851)
Carried forward		534,611		482,412

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

jor the year ended 31 March 2013		2015		2014
Works and Development	£	£	restated £	Restated £
Brought forward		534,611		482,412
Miscellaneous Seats, promenade shelters, street nameplates and town clocks maintenance Street and decorative lighting maintenance CC TV town area Grass cutting and tree limbing Property repairs private sector Depreciation	21,161 61,756 5,359 11,703 229 24,088		18,149 72,844 5,443 5,976 5,388 23,510	
	124,296		131,310	
Property repairs Government grants re grass cutting and tree limbing	(7,322)		(42,022) (4,900)	
	(7,322)	116,974	(46,922)	84,388
Parks and Leisure		651,585		566,800
Advertising and entertainment Publicity Seasonal entertaining and attractions Ramsey in Bloom	1,003 28,995 9,620 39,618		1,621 25,891 10,259 37,771	
Income Camper van permit income	(4,000) (2,832)		(6,713) (4,467)	
	(6,832)	22 707	(11,180)	26 501
Amenities and Services Mooragh Park amusements maintenance		32,786 23,568		26,591 12,848
Mooragh Park Gardens and Land Wages Maintenance Skate park Depreciation	152,551 55,541 3,848 13,951 225,891		159,758 82,237 891 13,684 256,570	
Income	(303)	225,588	(222)	256,348
Carried forward		281,942		295,787

Detailed Income and Expenditure Account (continued) for the year ended 31 March 2015

Parks and Leisure	£	2015 £	£	2014 £
Brought forward		281,942		295,787
Trading Concessions Rates, insurance and licences Courts and greens maintenance Depreciation	2,075 26,149 3,940		2,435 15,629 3,940	
	32,164		22,004	
Rents and rates	(46,890)	(14,726)	(41,492)	(19,488)
Swimming Pool Wages for grass cutting Rate contribution	725 16,174	16,899	4,450 16,082	20,532
Maintenance of Properties		14,110		16,806
Ramsey and Northern District Housing authority Wages etc.	9,526		8,496	
Income	(10,455)	(929)	(9,887)	(1,391)
Library Salaries Repairs and maintenance Depreciation	82,734 17,712 36,491 136,937	(747)	80,923 24,378 35,621 140,922	(1,071)
Library fee income	(9,938)	126,999	(10,366)	130,556
		424,295		442,802

